ANNUAL REPORT

2016/17









Dr Bonginkosi
Emmanuel "Blade"
Nzimande
MINISTER OF HIGHER
EDUCATION AND TRAINING



Mr Mduduzi Manana

DEPUTY MINISTER OF HIGHER

EDUCATION AND TRAINING

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GENERAL INFORMATION

The NSDSIII has brought about a new era in skills development - one loaded with promise and impact. It was most evident over time that partnerships are the most effective way to deliver high impact skills development in our country. The HWSETA has grown in leaps and bounds in establishing partnerships with our employers, including the public sector, TVET colleges, Universities and Training Providers.

Mrs Elaine Brass Acting Chief Executive Officer





Entity Details

Registered Name of Entity:

Health and Welfare Sector Education and Training Authority

Registration Number:

11/HWSETA/01/04/05

Registered Office Address:

17 Bradford Road, Bedfordview, Johannesburg

Postal Address:

Private Bag X15, Gardenview, 2047

External Auditors Information

The Auditor-General SA, Lefika House, Pretoria

Bankers Information

Standard Bank

2nd Floor Bedford Gardens Shopping Centre, Leicester Road, Bedfordview, 2008 P O Box 62325, Marshalltown, Gauteng, 2107

RMB

1 Merchant Place Cnr Friedman Dr and Rivonia Road, Sandton 2196

Nedbank

6th Floor Corporate Place Nedbank Sandton, 135 Rivonia Road, Sandown, 2196

Corporation for Public Deposits (CPD)

PO Box 427, Pretoria, 0001

Stanlib

17 Melrose Boulevard Melrose Arch, 2196

List of Abbreviations/Acronyms

| AET | Adult Education and Training | MOU | Memorandum of Understanding |
|-------|--|--------|--|
| AFS | Annual Financial Statements | NQF | National Qualifications Framework |
| APP | Annual Performance Plan | NSA | National Skills Authority |
| AQP | Assessment Quality Partner | NSDS | National Skills Development Strategy |
| ATRs | Annual Training Reports | NSF | National Skills Fund |
| AUCOM | Audit Commitee | OFO | Organising Framework for Occupations |
| ССМА | Commission for Conciliation, Mediation and Arbitration | OHSA | Occupational Health and Safety Act |
| CPD | Continuing Professional Development | PAIA | Promotion of Access to Information Act |
| CS | Corporate Services | PAYE | Pay As You Earn |
| DoL | Department of Labour | PFMA | Public Finance Management Act |
| DoH | Department of Health | QCTO | Quality Council for Trades and Occupations |
| DHET | Department of Higher Education and Training | RIME | Research, Information, Monitoring and Evaluation |
| DSD | Department of Social Development | RPL | Recognition of Prior Learning |
| EDP | Executive Development Programme | SACSSF | South African Council for Social Service Professions |
| EISA | External Integrated Summative Assessment | SAPS | South African Police Service |
| ERP | Enterprise Resource Planning | SARS | South African Revenue Service |
| ETQA | Education and Training Quality Assurance | SDA | Skills Development Act |
| ETD | Education, Training and Development (Practitioners) | SAQA | South African Qualifications Authority |
| EXCO | Executive Committee | SDFs | Skills Development Facilitators |
| FU | Finance Unit | SDL | Skills Development Levy |
| FIFA | Fédération Internationale de Football Association | SDP | Skills Development Planning |
| GDS | Growth and Development Summit | SETA | Sector Education and Training Authority |
| HASA | Hospital Association of South Africa | SGB | Standards Generating Body |
| HDSA | Historically Disadvantaged South Africans | SLA | Service Level Agreement |
| HR | Human Resources | SMMEs | Small, Micro, Medium Enterprises |
| HSRC | Human Science Research Council | SSACI | Swiss-South African Cooperation Initiative |
| H&S | Health and Safety | SSP | Sector Skills Plan |
| ISO | International Standards Organisation | SWOT | Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats |
| IT | Information Technology | TVET | Technical and Vocational Education and Training |
| MERP | Monitoring, Evaluation and Reporting Plan | UIF | Unemployment Insurance Fund |
| MIS | Management Information Systems | WSPs | Workplace Skills Plans |
| | | | |



Foreword by the Chairperson





Dr E.T. Confidence Moloko

Chairperson of the Board

Presentation of the Annual Report

I hereby, on behalf of the Accounting Authority, the Board of the Health and Welfare Sector Education and Training Authority (HWSETA) and in my capacity as the Chairperson of the Board, table the 2016/17 HWSETA Annual Report in line with relevant laws. This Annual Report is an account of the performance of the HWSETA towards the achievements of goals and targets stated in its Annual Performance Plan.

The Board is satisfied with the HWSETA's fourth clean audit in a row, as it is a true reflection of the work of the Board, the administration and staff of this sector education and training authority.

Mandate of the HWSETA

The HWSETA has delivered on its mandate effectively, in line with the Skills Development Act and relevant laws. It implemented directives of the Honourable Minister of Higher Education and Training issued in his capacity as the Executive Authority. Its delivery was done in accordance with the National Skills Development Strategy (NSDS) III, the HWSETA plans and country plans, particularly the Medium Term Strategic Framework and the National Development Plan Vision 2030.

Taking forward Excellence

The HWSETA lost its Chief Executive Officer towards the end of the financial year in review. The Board and the management team under the leadership of the Acting Chief Executive Officer, Mrs Elaine Brass, maintained the unity and focus of the HWSETA thereby enabling the organisation to take forward its excellent work of previous years.

The HWSETA maintained its good management, continued to improve its governance and delivered on its mandate.

The Office of the Auditor General continued to be one of the best partners of the HWSETA providing the necessary support for the organisation to deliver services.

Mandate and Performance of the Board

The HWSETA Board ensured that it provided leadership to the organisation throughout the 2016/17 financial year. It succeeded to maintain the environment which promoted productivity and excellence. It continued to deliver in line with its mandate, particularly to attain its goals and targets of the NSDS III.

The HWSETA Standing Committees of the Board excelled in their performance. The Audit and Risk Committee served the HWSETA with distinction. The HWSETA received excellent service from its Internal Auditors. HWSETA stakeholders were serviced well and the Board, with the involvement of the Executive, maintained good relations with these important role players.

The HWSETA Board ensured that it provided leadership to the organisation throughout the 2016/17 financial year. It succeeded to maintain the environment which promoted productivity and excellence.

Dr E.T. Confidence Moloko, Chairperson of the Board

"

Performance of the Administration

The HWSETA achieved most of the targets, as set out in the Annual Performance Plan and stretched targets. It executed its plans as stipulated in the Service Level Agreement entered into with the Department of Higher Education and Training.

Sincere Gratitude to the Minister, Board Members, Standing Committees, Staff and the Office of the Auditor General

I hereby, on behalf of the Board of the HWSETA thank all stakeholders and partners who are our very worthy partners. Our special word of thanks goes to the Honourable Minister and Deputy Minister of Higher Education and Training who were always available as our pillar of support.

Sincere thanks to all officials of the Department of Higher Education and Training, especially the Director General, the Deputy Director General and Chief Director and their staffs.

The HWSETA hereby extends its sincere gratitude to organised labour in the sector and various partner employers in the private and public sector, especially provincial and national departments of Social Development and Health; non-governmental organisations (NGOs), institutions of higher learning and the TVET college sector.

Sincere thanks to Team-HWSETA made up of my fellow Board members and I, the Chief Executive Officer, Executives and all members of staff.

Our collective effort and support made it possible for the HWSETA to perform consistently throughout the year.

Chairpersons of Standing Committees of the Board of the HWSETA receive special thanks from the Office of the Chairperson. Their sacrifices and hard work made it easy and worthwhile for all of us to serve the masses of our people through this sector education and training authority. The Office of the Auditor General has been most helpful, as always.

Conclusion

Once more, and as mentioned above, team work is the secret that made it possible for the HWSETA to excel once again in the 2016-2017 financial year.

Thank you.



Seen here from left to right at the award of the clean audit trophy to the HWSETA for the fourth consecutive year are:
Dr Confidence Moloko, Chairperson of the HWSETA Board, Mrs Elaine Brass, Acting CEO for the HWSETA, Mr Godfrey Diale, Senior Manager at the Auditor-General South Africa, and Mrs Daphne Theaker, Acting Chief Financial Officer for the HWSETA.



Chief Executive Officer's Report



Mrs Elaine Brass

Acting Chief Executive Officer

This has been another good year for the HWSETA during which a great performance resulted in a clean audit for the fourth year in a row, and an achievement of 95% of our targets on performance.

Whilst we have had a good year, it has been eventful with the start of the year seeing the HWSETA with a newly appointed Accounting Authority. The HWSETA retained four of its previous Board members, as well as its Chairperson, Dr Moloko. This allowed for a smooth transition from the previous Board to the new one. The Board was inducted in July 2016 and hit the road running.

Our Strategic and Annual Performance Plans, with accompanying budgets, were approved by the Minister of Higher Education and Training. The HWSETA met all of its statutory obligations and complied with laws and regulations.

Making our services readily available to and interacting with our stakeholders is an important aspect of our operations. With this in mind, we officially opened our provincial office in Kimberley, Northern Cape on 22 July 2016 and then on 8 December 2016, we officially opened a provincial office in Mahikeng, North West. We used the official opening of the Mahikeng office as an opportunity to interact with our stakeholders from the province at a stakeholder interaction session before the official office opening.

In January 2017 the HWETA secured office space in Bloemfontein and subsequent to the end of the financial year, we officially opened our Free State provincial office on 1 June 2017. The HWSETA has also opened its final office in Nelspruit, which means that we now have a presence in all nine provinces in South Africa.

The HWSETA was one of the first SETA to successfully implement, manage and co-ordinate the External Integrated Summative Assessment (EISA) examinations for the Health Promotion Officer Qualification (Community Health worker) as part of its duties as Assessment Quality Partner (AQP) for the OCTO

During 2016-2017 year, the HWSETA developed and registered 14 new qualifications. This significantly exceeded our target of 5. During the same period, the HWSETA embarked on an RPL Training project for Skills Development Practitioners (SDP's), and in turn these Practitioners successfully RPL'd 241 learners on a variety of skills programmes and qualifications. A further RPL project saw 110 Artisans successfully getting their qualifications.

Our research has an overarching effect on our strategy. The HWSETA has a strong Research Division, and in the period under review, nine research papers were completed, as well as research into the Sector needs (Sector Skills Plan). These assist the HWSETA to identify good performing projects, and where the efforts and funding of the HWSETA should be channelled. They also provide us with valuable information to improve our projects.

The HWSETA decided to implement an ERP System to fully integrate all its operations. The WSP Module went live last financial year. Phase 1 of the development was not completed by year end. Phase I and II will be completed in the next financial year, which will see the automation of ETQA and Skills Development processes. We thank our stakeholders for their patience in this process of development.

The HWSETA closed its year with R725 million in commitments to the Sector of Health and Social Development. Actual payments during the year to discretionary grant funding was R313 million, a 16% increase from the prior year. Participation by Employers remains on the low side, with R61 million being paid in mandatory grants over the year. The support from our Departments of Health and Social Development nationally and provincially was a significant improvement from the prior year. Each year the HWSETA reports an underspending on Administration,

resulting in more funds being available for Discretionary grant funding for the Sectors. The HWSETA heeds the call for cost containment, and has maintained a strong internal control environment.

The NSDSIII has brought about a new era in skills development - one loaded with promise and impact. It was most evident over time that partnerships are the most effective way to deliver high impact skills development in our country. The HWSETA has grown in leaps and bounds in establishing partnerships with our employers, including the public sector, TVET colleges, Universities and Training Providers. The HWSETA received an award from the National Skills Authority (NSA) at the National Skills Conference held in March 2017 for its prior year's clean audits.

The Minister of Higher Education and Training announced in December 2016 that the SETA's licenses have been extended to March 2020, with the extension of NSDS III. At the National Skills Conference of March 2017, the NSDSIII and skills development for an integrated and differentiated post-school education and training system was discussed and debated over the two days. What comes from this conference will certainly pave our way to 2020.

The HWSETA cannot maintain a clean administration without strong and effective Governance in place. The Management of the HWSETA has worked well with the Governance structures of the Board and the Accounting Authority over the year to achieve once again.

Statement of Responsibility and Confirmation of Accuracy for the Annual Report

To the best of my knowledge and belief, I confirm the following:

- All information and amounts disclosed in the Annual Report are consistent with the Annual Financial Statements audited by the Auditor-General.
- The Annual Report is complete, accurate and is free from any omissions
- The Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the guidelines on the annual report as issued by National Treasury.
- The Annual Financial Statements (Part E) have been prepared in accordance

- with the required accounting (GRAP) standards applicable to the public entity.
- The Accounting Authority is responsible for the preparation of the Annual Financial Statements and for the judgements made in this information
- The Accounting Authority is responsible for establishing, and implementing a system of internal control that has been designed to provide reasonable assurance as to
- the integrity and reliability of the performance information, the human resources information and the Annual Financial Statements.
- The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the Annual Financial Statements.
- In our opinion, the Annual Report fairly reflects the operations, the performance information, the human resources information and the financial affairs of the entity for the financial year ended 31 March 2017.

Yours faithfully,

Mrs Elaine Brass

Acting Chief Executive Officer

Date: 28 July 2017



Dr E.T. Confidence Moloko

Chairperson of the HWSETA

Date: 28 July 2017

Strategic Overview



OUR VISION

The creation of a skilled workforce for the health and social development needs of all South Africans



OUR MISSION

The Health and Welfare Sector Education and Training Authority (HWSETA) endeavours to create an integrated approach to the development and provision of appropriately skilled health and social development workers, to render quality services comparable to worldclass standards.



OUR VALUES

- · Integrity
- Transparency
- Transformation
- Service Excellence

Legislative and Other Mandates

The HWSETA is a statutory body, a juristic person, and a schedule 3 entity – as per the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA).



CONSTITUTIONAL MANDATES

As an entity of the DHET it derives its mandate from the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa specifically Section 29 read with schedule 4, which lists education at all levels, including tertiary education as a functional area of concurrent national and provincial legislative competence.



LEGISLATIVE MANDATES

The HWSETA derives its mandate from:

- The Skills Development Act, as amended;
- · The Skills Development Levies Act, as amended;
- · The SAQA Act, as amended;
- The QCTO Act;
- The Public Finance Management Act, as amended;
- Treasury Regulations;
- All other (relevant/applicable) Human Resources and Industrial Relations Acts;
- · All other Health and Welfare Acts and Regulations;
- Grant Regulations; and
- White Paper on Post-school Education.



POLICY MANDATES

Policy mandates are dictated by the Service Delivery Agreements entered into by Ministers of:

- · Department of Higher Education and Training;
- · Department of Health; and
- Department of Social Development.

Organisational Structure

HWSETA Board Comprising 15 Members

(REFER PART C: GOVERNANCE FOR MORE DETAILED INFORMATION)



Acting Chief Executive Officer

MRS ELAINE BRASS

Executive Manager Corporate Services Division

MR BOB PARDESI



Acting Chief Financial Officer

MRS DAPHNE THEAKER



Executive Manager RIME Division

MR SIKHUMBUZO GCABASHE



Executive Manager SDP Division

MR PATRICK SAMUELS



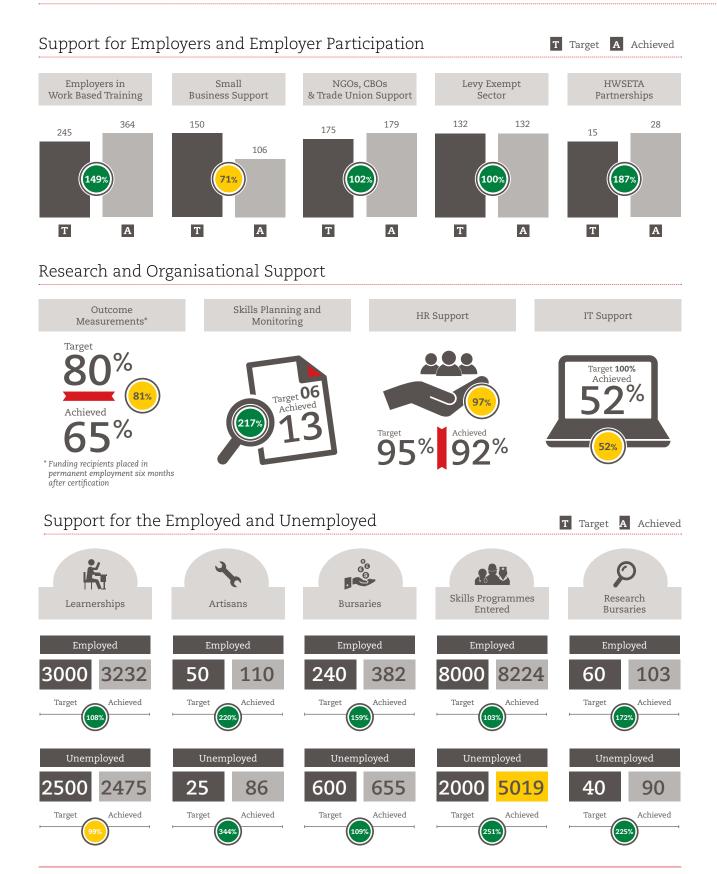
Executive Manager ETQA Division

MS BAAKEDI MOTUBATSE



2016/17 Annual Dashboard

% Achievement against APP annual targets



Sector Projects

Qualifications Developed



Training

1550

Vocational Internship

Mid Level Worker Projects



Career Guidance

Government Sector Support

TVET College Lecturer Development







Assessors Registered



Moderators Registered



Colleges Accredited



Learners Certified



Adult Education and Training



Recognition of Prior Learning

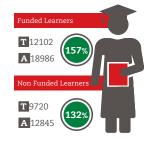


351



Qualifications Development Processes Supported





University Student Placement



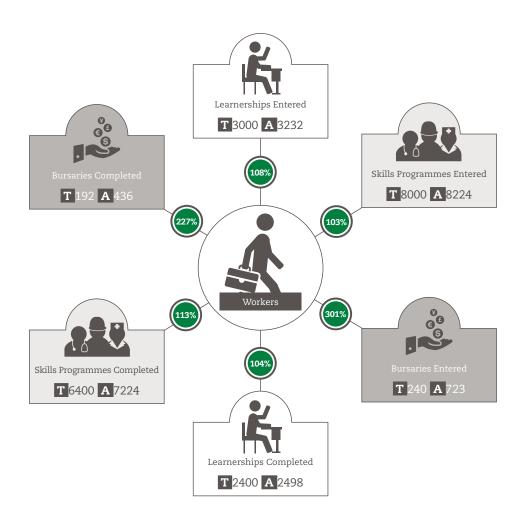
Achieved 502



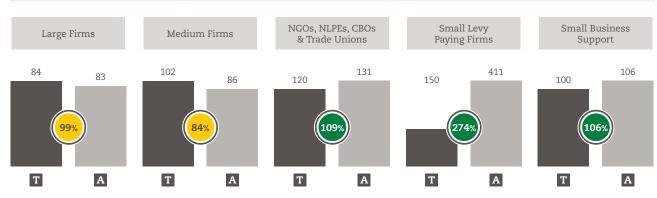
2016/17 Annual Dashboard

% Achievement against SLA annual targets

Support for the Unemployed T Target A Achieved T 2500 A 2475 Internships Entered **T** 480 **A** 652 T 450 A 614 136% 136% , 251% Skills Programmes Completed Skills Programmes Entered T 1600 A 3652 T 2000 A 5019 Internships Completed T 360 A 691 **T** 600 **A** 1865 Learnerships Completed T 2000 A 2063 University Student Placement TVET Student Placement 502 550 1013 712 350 600 750 280 T Α Α T Α T Α Completed Completed



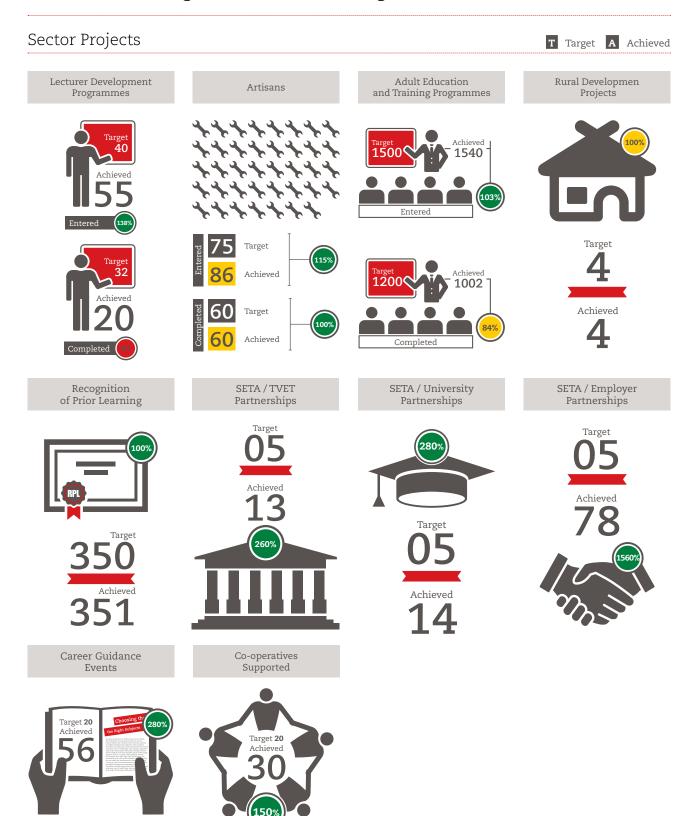
Support for Employers and Employer Participation



T Target A Achieved

2016/17 Annual Dashboard

% Achievement against SLA annual targets



Driving Skills Development in the Animal Health Sector



Ms Yvonne Mbane, Former Chief Executive Officer of the HWSETA, is seen here with Chief Jongilanga Sicgau at the launch of the partnership between ANDA and the HWSETA

RURAL COMMUNITY IN EASTERN CAPE BENEFITS FROM HWSETA FUNDING

During the year under review, the HWSETA entered into a partnership with the Alfred Nzo Development Agency (ANDA) that would see the training of 400 individuals, cooperatives and small businesses in various animal health skills programmes. Of this number 200 received funding for entrepreneurial skills workshops.

Whilst 400 people will benefit directly, the funding will be far reaching as the skills and knowledge gained will benefit the community at large through improved animal healthcare in the area.

The partnership was celebrated at a function held at the Royal Residence of Chief Sigcau in Ntabankulu on 26 May 2016.

HWSETA FUNDING PREVENTS CLOSURE OF KEY TRAINING FACILITY FOR VETERINARY STUDENTS

Professor Darrell Abernethy, Dean for the Faculty of Veterinary Science at the University of Pretoria, describes the Hans Hoheisen Wildlife Research Platform as: "One of the most valuable field visits for our students as it exposes them to rural communities, smallhold farmers, poverty alleviation, state veterinary work and local schools."

Surveys of students and graduates show that they found the time spent in the area life changing and an essential preparation for their move after graduation into Compulsory Community Service. The research platform and clinic had been targeted for closure due to financial constraints, however funding received from the HWSETA prevented this and the project was able to remain accessible as a valuable training facility for students.



 $Seen\ in\ these\ photographs\ are\ fifth\ year\ veterinary\ students\ in\ action\ at\ the\ training\ facility.$







PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

The overall performance of the HWSETA in the year under review can be summed up as trend setting in that 95.5% of its targets were either achieved or overachieved. Of the targets that were not achieved, the lowest target had 70.6% of the work done.

Mr Sikhumbuzo Gcabashe Executive Manager, RIME Division







Auditor's Report: Predetermined Objectives

Refer report by Auditor-General on Pages 58 - 60 of this Annual Report.

Performance against Predetermined Objectives



SERVICE DELIVERY ENVIRONMENT

In the implementation of its Strategic Plan and Annual Performance Plan in the year under review, the HWSETA noted the difficult context within which it had to operate. This context included market forces, working conditions, remuneration and career advancement opportunities that contribute to the serious human resource and labour market challenges in the sector.

In addition to the above, poor health outcomes in the public sector are attributable to multiple and complex factors such as skills shortages, critical skills gaps, mal-distribution of professionals between urban and rural areas, poor productivity and poor management of the workforce. Further, some statutory councils have introduced changes to the scopes of practice, new specialisations, qualifications and training requirements. These changes have specific implications for training platforms that the HWSETA uses to achieve its targets.

The overall performance of the HWSETA in the year under review can be summed up as trend setting in that 95.5% of its targets were either achieved or overachieved. Of the targets that were not achieved, the lowest target had 70.6% of the work done. The targets were weighted during the approval of the Annual Performance Plan in the 2015/2016 year. Key outputs were in the support given to unemployed persons

where funding for occupationally directed programmes reached 11133 unemployed persons. In the area of encouraging better use of workplace-based skills programmes, the HWSETA reached 14125 workers in various programmes. In supporting unemployed persons, bursaries, internships, university and TVET college student placements were used extensively. In supporting workers, learnerships, skills programmes and bursaries were used extensively. The completion rate of artisans exceeded expectations so was their absorption into employment. The completion was for the first cohort of artisans that the HWSETA supported in the accelerated artisan programme.

During the year under review, the HWSETA encountered problems relating mostly to employers not meeting the conditions of funding, uneven participation across provinces and areas within provinces. Further, the HWSETA introduced a new system for submitting workplace skills plans and annual training reports, which some employers took time to adapt to. In dealing with these problems, the HWSETA contacted employers directly, identified key stakeholders in non-participating provinces and areas for partnerships. These partnerships yielded unique projects aimed at uplifting the youth of the local area and the province.

In the implementation of the Strategic Plan and Annual Performance Plan in the year under review, the HWSETA encountered developments in the sector that impacted negatively on the services it offers. In addition to statutory council's developments in qualifications and practice mentioned above, the HWSETA noticed that limitations of basic education were influencing the success of funded students in higher education. Further, the depressed economic conditions and outlook impacted on the demand for students in learnerships, and the absorption into employment post training of unemployed students.

ORGANISATIONAL ENVIRONMENT

The organisational environment in the year under review was characterised by the appointment of the new Board by the Minister of Higher Education and Training. This meant induction of the new Board and delay in approving projects as Board committees took time to be established. Measures adopted to address delays included special induction, training and special meetings. In addition to the new Board, there were resignations of three key managers during the year. Measures taken to address the gap was the appointment of acting managers that ensured that projects assigned to them continued unabated. At the end of the third quarter, the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the HWSETA resigned which meant reorganisation of top management.

To mitigate against any negative effects the Board appointed an Acting CEO to carry out the full functions of the CEO. As a result, an Acting CFO was appointed in terms of applicable policy.

KEY POLICY DEVELOPMENTS AND LEGISLATIVE CHANGES

The key policy developments that have and may affect the HWSETA in the future financial years include:

- On 15 December 2016, the Minister of Higher Education and Training issued two Notices in the Government Gazettes, which:
 - re-establish SETA Landscape until
 31 March 2020 and
 - extended the National Skills
 Development Strategy (NSDS) III
 until 31 March 2020.
- Promulgation of the SETA Governance Charter whereby SETAs are required to report on a quarterly basis
- Delegation of functions relating to the quality assurance of qualifications and part qualifications registered on the national qualifications framework (NQF) to the education and training quality assurance bodies (ETQAs)
- Promulgation of Policy on Delegation of Qualification Assessment to Assessment Quality Partners (AQPs)
- Policy on the registration of accredited Skills Development Providers as Private TVET Colleges in terms of the Private Further Education and Training Act, as amended



Strategic Outcome Oriented Goals

Goal 1:

Improvement of organisational administration and management capacity in the HWSETA

Although the HWSETA experienced resignations of key staff during the year under review policies in the organisation ensured that there were no major disruptions in operations. As a result, 92% of positions were filled by 31 March 2017. Further, to strengthen the organisation the Board approved an additional 19 positions during the year. The ERP project initiated in the past financial year is behind schedule with 80% key processes having been automated. Automation of key processes is one of the pillars of organisational improvement in the HWSETA.

Goal 2:

Establishment of an institutional mechanism for skills planning in the health and social development sector

The HWSETA updated its sectors skills plan with information obtained from key sources of information such as HR planning managers and operations managers. Information gathered from these sources ensures that the programmes funded by the HWSETA are a direct response to the needs of the sector. Further, a number of evaluation reports from implemented projects and programmes fed into the sector skills plan and provided valuable lessons for the implementing divisions. To strengthen the system of skills development at firm level, the HWSETA awarded mandatory grants to 83 large firms, 86 medium firms and 411 small levy-paying firms. 106 small and emerging businesses were supported with grants. In addition to the provision

of grants and promoting work-based learning, 364 employers were evaluated and participating in work-based training. These employers provided a platform for learnerships, internships and work experience placement for both TVET college students and university students.

Goal 3:

Increase of access to occupationally directed programmes in the health and social development sector

The HWSETA's progress towards this goal is measured through funding of learnerships, bursaries and skills programmes. In the year under review, 5707 students were funded through learnership funding of which 3232 were workers. The learnerships implemented were demand and employer-led and has high potential to lead to employment for the unemployed and increased productivity and open up promotion opportunities for the employed. A total of 1237 students were funded for bursaries in occupationally directed programmes, of which 193 are for masters and doctoral studies. Students funded for bursaries are carefully selected and study programmes that are in need as identified by research and the sector skills plan. Funding for skills programmes reached 13035 students of which 63% are workers. During the year under review, the HWSETA implemented a recognition of prior learning project to recognise those workers who have been practising but without certification. The project reached 351 workers whose practical prior learning was assessed.

Goal 4:

Promotion of growth of a public TVET college system that is responsive to health and social development sector's local, regional and national skills needs and priorities

Towards the promotion of the growth of the public TVET college system, the HWSETA negotiated and entered into 13 partnership agreements with various TVET colleges to implement health and social development related programmes. These partnerships ensured that 54 TVET college lecturers receive work experience in the health and social development employers and 1212 students funded for a vocational course in areas demanded by employers. Although the number of students in vocational courses did not reach the desired target due to a multiplicity of funding levers available to these students, inroads are being made to ensure that technical courses leading to technical qualifications needed in the sector are funded.

Goal 5:

Addressing the low level of youth and adult language and numeracy skills to enable additional training in the health and social development sector

The country, and particularly the sector, is facing a seriously low level of youth and adult language and numeracy skills which provides a barrier for additional training. To respond to this, the HWSETA funded 1540 students in Adult Education and Training initiatives. These initiatives included sign language, English reading and writing for employed adults. Community colleges are a delivery vehicle for some of these initiatives.

Goal 6:

Encouragement of the use of workplace-based skills development in the health and social development sector

Work-based skills development in the health and social development sector has proved to be a precursor to employment for new graduates. Amongst the programmes implemented, were internships where 614 students were funded, TVET student placement of which 1012 students were funded and 502 university students were placed with employers in the sector as part of the conditions for their qualifications. These students were placed with employers who were evaluated to determine if they have the capacity, mentors and resources for effective implementation of these programmes. These are some of the conditions of funding imposed on employers to ensure a high rate of success.

Goal 7:

Encouragement and support of cooperatives, small enterprises, worker initiated, NGO and community training initiatives in the health and social development sector

The HWSETA implemented various projects to support cooperatives and small businesses in the sector. These projects addressed the skills development needs of 30 cooperatives in the Eastern Cape and North-West province and 106 small and emerging businesses across the country. Skills development funding was also extended to 131 Non-Government Organisations (NGOs), Non-levy Paying Employers (NLPEs), Community Based Organisations (CBOs) and Trade Unions.

Goal 8:

Increase of health and social development public sector capacity for improved service delivery in support of the National Development Plan

Part of the vision of South Africa as outlined in the National Development Plan 2030 states that "...what we contribute in our taxes, we get back through the high quality of our public services, good clinics and hospitals with well trained, caring doctors, administrators, nurses who rush to our aid with empathy and expertise.... affordable, effective medicines, because they were made for all of us....good schools with well educated, trained and caring teachers....a clinic with nurses who love caring for people" The HWSETA concurs in that South Africa can realise this vision by drawing on the energies of its people, growing an inclusive economy, building capabilities, enhancing the capacity of the state, and promoting leadership and partnerships throughout society. To this end, the HWSETA collaborated with various Government Departments as employers to implement projects aimed at capacitating the state. Through public sector education and training, 78 partnerships were entered into with both the public and private sectors aimed at building a capable state and a further 11 projects were implemented specifically to develop and address mid-level skills in both the public and the private sectors.

Goal 9:

Provision of career and vocational guidance in the health and social development sector

Through career guidance in various provinces, the HWSETA reached 15159 students in various grades of schooling

and this was done through 56 events. The events were either in collaboration with the Department of Higher Education and Training or HWSETA initiated the project. It is important to note that the HWSETA targeted career guidance projects are aimed at influencing learners that are in grades 8 and 9 as it is the stage where students select subjects that are aligned to their career choices. While the number of learners reached is commendable, a lot of work and innovative thinking needs to be done in this area looking at its importance and significance in the lives of young learners.

Goal 10:

Strengthening of quality assurance system for qualifications development in the health and social development sector

Quality assurance of skills development providers and qualification development is a delegated function from the Quality Council for Trades and Occupations (QCTO). During the year under review, the HWSETA accredited 111 training providers with 85% and 81% assessors and moderators registered respectively. During the year under review, the system of skills development in the sector was strengthened with the development of 14 demand-led qualifications. In addition, 98% processes to develop qualifications in collaboration with other partners were supported. In the achievement of this goal, the HWSETA as a delegated Education and Training Quality Assurance (ETQA) body certificated 12845 students in private colleges who were self-funded and 18986 students who were either HWSETA funded or industry funded.



Performance Information

by Programme/Objectives

CLASSIFICATION OF PERFORMANCE

| Description of classification | Progress in % | Colour code |
|--|---------------|-------------|
| Annual target has been achieved or exceeded before or by 31 March 2017 | 100 | |
| Annual target was almost achieved based on substantial progress made by 31 March 2017 | 70 - 99 | |
| Annual target has not been achieved and strides made have yielded moderate success. The non-achievement may be attributed to external factors that impacted negatively on the indicator | 40 - 69 | |
| Annual target has not been achieved and strides made have yielded low success. The non-achievement may be attributed to external factors that impacted negatively on the indicator | 0 - 39 | |
| Unemployed : U Employed : E | | - |

PROGRAMME I: ADMINISTRATION

SUB-PROGRAMME: RESEARCH, INFORMATION, MONITORING AND EVALUATION

Programme 1: Indicator 5

Strategic Objective: 80% of HWSETA funded work-ready graduates finding employment in their trades and occupations in the health and welfare sector¹ in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|-----------------|
| The percentage of qualified artisans and unemployed learners previously funded? by the HWSETA finding employment³ within 6 months of completing the learning programmes⁴ in the reporting period | Percentage of qualified artisans and unemployed learners previously funded by the HWSETA finding employment in the reporting period | 52% (446) | 80% (4900) | (530/817) | Students funded for learnerships (health and social related), internships (health related) and artisanship were quickly absorbed into employment with a rate of 74%. Students funded for social work internships had a lower absorption rate, which brought down the overall rate of absorption. In future, the HWSETA needs to revise the funding of social work internships. | Admin Budget |

^{1.} The 80% target can only the achieved in the last years of NSDS III since the training of artisans and other workers takes between 2 and 4 years. Certain exogenous factors beyond the HWSETA need to be considered

^{2.} Funded refers to issuing of funding approval letter and signing of Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement

^{3.} Finding employment refers to signing an employment contract as defined in the Basic Conditions of employment Act, as amended

^{4.} Learning programmes refers to learning programmes as defined in the Skills Development Act, as amended

Strategic objective: Evidence-based research to inform planning⁵ in the sector for the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|---|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|---|
| research reports based on sound analysis of Health and Social Development sector confirmed by stakeholders and | Number of applied research ⁶ reports completed and confirmed by stakeholders that inform planning and impact of training assessed in the reporting period ⁷ | 8 | 6 | 13 | The over-achievement of this target is due to unplanned research needs identified during the financial year. | Actual: R1.028 million Budget: R754 000 |

- 5. Sector planning refers to sector skills planning, strategic planning and business planning including operational planning
- Applied research is a form of systematic inquiry involving the practical application of science. It accesses and uses some part of the research communities' (the academia's) accumulated theories, knowledge, methods, and techniques, for a specific, often state-, business-, or client-driven purpose. Applied research is compared to pure research (basic research) in discussion about research ideals, methodologies, programs, and projects
 7. Evaluation of training includes research reports on areas such as dropout rate and analysis and impact analysis

Programme 1: Indicator 13

Strategic objective: Research within the health and social development fields of study promoted in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Socio economic status | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|------------------------------|
| The number of researchers in the sector is increased | Number of new postgraduate research students ⁹ | 57 | Е | 60 | 103 | The bursary call was oversubscribed and a number of students requested amounts that were less than the budget. As a result, more students were allocated, hence the over-achievement. | Actual: R5.742 million |
| through targeted fundings in the reporting period funded welfare field in the reporting period | 23 | U | 40 | 90 | the over-acmevement. | Budget: R6.755 million | |

- 8. Targeted funding refers to ring fenced funding aimed at increasing the pool of Masters and Doctoral candidates in the sector graduating and contributing to the sector
- New post graduate research students refer to registered students in higher education institutions for higher degrees that have a research component in the curriculum and have registered for the first time
- Funded refers to issuing of funding approval letter and signing of Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement



SUB-PROGRAMME: CORPORATE SERVICES

Programme 1: Indicator 15

Strategic objective: Career guidance initiatives aimed at marketing and communicating the health and social development related occupations supported in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|---|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| The number of school and post-school youth" reached through career development awareness programmes in the reporting period | Number of learners reached ¹² through HWSETA career development awareness programmes in the reporting period | 15093 | 12000 (20 Events) | 15159 (56 Events) | The HWSETA has been able to participate in numerous career guidance events in the country as thus the achievement against the target has been exceeded. | Actual: R525 400 Budget: R1 million |

^{11.} Post school youth refer to those unemployed youth as defined in the Green paper on post school education

Programme 1: Indicator 18

Strategic objective: HWSETA is capacitated to deliver on its targets and discharge its mandate in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| The percentage of filled ¹³ positions in the HWSETA approved organogram to ensure optimum capacity and delivery of services in the reporting period | Percentage of filled positions in the HWSETA approved organogram in the reporting period | 94% | 95% (106) | 92% | Some positions are vacant due to changes in operational requirements and resignations in the latter part of the financial year. | Actual: R634 000 Budget: R267 000 |

 $^{13. \ \ \}textit{Filled in this context refers to the signing of contract of employment in the approved organogram.}$

Programme 1: Indicator 20

Strategic objective: HWSETA processes automated and integrated for effective and efficient delivery of services

| | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|---|----------------------------------|-------------------|---|---|--|
| processes automated and integrated to | Percentage of processes automated and integrated ¹⁵ in the reporting period | 70% | 100% | 52% (average) (Development 65%) (Deployment 38%) | Overall project progress needs to take base tasks (data migration, environment creation, project initiation, and other tasks) into account. These tasks were completed and progress is reported as 100% as per the project plan. Inclusion of these project elements, along with deployment and development, brings the overall project status to the reported 80%. | Actual: R756 000 Budget: R2 million |

^{14.} Efficiency and effectiveness refers to minimum errors and short turnaround times as recorded in the audit trail of the ERP system

^{12.} Reached in this context refers to learners recorded in the register of career fairs or career exhibitions

^{15.} Automation and integration refers to the development and deployment of the ERP system as approved by the HWSETA Board

PROGRAMME 2: SKILLS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION AND PROJECTS

SUB-PROGRAMME: PROJECTS

Programme 2: Indicator 2

Strategic objective: Employers in the sector open up their workplaces as places of learning¹⁶ in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|---|---|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| The number of employers evaluated and participating in work-based training within the reporting period. | Number of employers evaluated and participating ¹⁷ in work-based training within the reporting period | 221 | 245 | 364 | The bulk of projects implemented are workplace based. The approval of these employers was within available funds | Included in learnerships budget and actuals |

^{16.} Support refers to the process of funding and advising employers

Programme 2: Indicator 4

Strategic objective: Increase the number of work-ready graduates in trades (artisans) demanded in health and social development sector through targeted funding in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Socio economic status | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|---|
| The number of employed and unemployed persons funded as apprentices to become artisans for the Health and Social Development | Number of employed and unemployed apprentice funded apprentice funded to become artisans through HWSETA funding in the reporting period | 337 | Е | 50 | 110 | The target has been over-achieved because the students who had their prior learning recognised were funded through an ad-hoc project, which had to address the needs of the employers. | Actual: R21.114 million Budget: R6.389 million |
| sector ¹⁸ in the reporting period . | reporting period | 47 | U | 25 | 86 | Learners from 2014-2015 and 2015-2016 funding years enabled the HWSETA to achieve this target | |

^{18.} Transformation and equity imperatives: 85% Black 60% women 5% people with disability 70% youth (35yrs or less) 20% from rural areas

^{17.} Evaluation and participation means workplace has been validated and the learners allocated as per the approval schedule and the Memorandum of Agreement signed

^{19.} Funded refers to issuing of funding approval letter and signing of Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement

^{20.} Enrolled refers to registration with both the training institution and HWSETA Seta Management System



Strategic objective: Increase the number of students in higher education in identified scarce and critical skills enabling them to enter the labour market²² in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Socio economic status | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|---|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| The number of students funded through bursaries for training in higher education institutions ²³ in the reporting period | Number of students funded ²⁴ through bursaries for training in higher education institutions in the reporting period | 256 | Е | 240 | 382 | The HWSETA implemented the Bursaries employed grant to fund employees of organisations registered with the HWSETA. Some organisations were able to fund more than the approved number of learners within the approved budget based on the actual cost of the courses enrolled for. Furthermore, the HWSETA also implemented ad-hoc projects with Walter Sisulu University and the Department of Health Western Cape which then increased the number of employed workers | Actual: R27.947 million Budget: R45.878 |
| | | 508 | U | 600 | 655 | The overall achievement of the projects is based on additional approvals for Adhoc projects as well as the submission of learner information by NSFAS | |

^{21.} The HWSETA noticed a wording error in the 2016/17 annual performance plan. The wording error is on the precise definition of the Technical Indicator Descriptor (TID) 6: number of students funded through bursaries for training in higher education institutions in the reporting period. The word "graduate" in the TID is misplaced and not consistent with how the indicator was implemented and reported. It implies that students are counted when they graduate whereas they are counted when they are awarded bursaries and the necessary documents are in place. The indicator, however, is correctly described in the footnotes on both the strategic plan and the annual performance plan.

- 22. Enrolled refers to registration with both the training institution and HWSETA Seta Management System
- 23. Bursaries for the unemployed students in scarce and critical skills furthering their studies in higher education institutions
- 24. Funded refers to issuing of funding approval letter and signing of Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement

Programme 2: Indicator 7

Strategic objective: Fund experiential learning across the sector to ensure work-ready graduates contribute to effective delivery of health and social development services in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Socio economic status | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| The number of unemployed TVET college students and other unemployed | Number of unemployed TVET college students enrolled ²⁵ for work | 2770 | Internships | 450 | 614 | Due to the differences in time/implementation period and approval by the HWSETA, there is an overlap between two financial years (learners approved in 2015-2016 sometimes | Actual: R102.819 million Budget: |
| graduates of middle- level qualifications enrolled in workplace | experience and experiential learning programmes ²⁶ funded by the | | TVET student placement | 750 | 1012 | commence their programme in the 2016-2017 financial year) hence the over achievement. | R46.5 million |
| experience through Workplace Experience Grant in the reporting period | HWSETA in the reporting period | | University student placement | 350 | 502 | | |

^{25.} Enrolled refers to registration with both the training institution and HWSETA Seta Management System

^{26.} Workplace experience and experiential learning refers to a course, or a portion of a course, requiring students to participate in a supervised workplace experiential learning, directed field study, internship, cooperative, or cooperative work term course that is related to their program of study or training. It is also viewed as having four basic elements of learning in the workplace: experience, practice, conversations and reflection where at least: • 70% of workplace learning is through on-job experiences and practice • 20% of workplace learning is through others (coaching, feedback and personal networks) • 10% of workplace learning is through formal off-job training (Jennings, C: 2009). For the purposes of NSDS the target includes internships and TVET graduate placement

Strategic objective: Support cooperatives within the health and social development sector through funding for skills development training within the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|---|
| The number of cooperatives in the health and social development sector | Number of cooperatives in the health and social development sector | 20 | 20 | 30 | The HWSETA entered into a partnership with the Small Enterprise Development Agency (SEDA) for the funding of Cooperatives. SEDA was able to fund more cooperatives within the approved budget. | Actual: R1.187 million Budget: |
| whose skills training is funded ²⁷ by the HWSETA in the reporting period | whose skills needs are funded by the HWSETA in the reporting period ²⁸ | | | | | R1.062 million |

^{27.} Funded refers to issuing of funding approval letter and signing of Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement

Programme 2: Indicator 10

Strategic objective: Fund small and emerging businesses²⁹ for skills development in the sector in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| The number of small and emerging businesses funded in both health and social development sectors through HWSETA skills development funds in the reporting period | Number of small and emerging businesses funded ³⁰ through HWSETA skills development funds in the reporting period | 98 | 150 | 106 | In spite of all the efforts made to recruit SMEs to participate in this project most of them were not interested as they felt the funding of R20 000 per organisation was insufficient. | Actual: R1.569 million Budget: R2.07 million |

^{29.} Small and emerging businesses as defined by the Department of Trade and Industry

Programme 2: Indicator 11

Strategic objective: Support NGOs, CBOs and trade union's skills development initiatives in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|---|---|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| The number of participants in skills development projects funded by the HWSETA to support NGOs, CBOs and trade unions in the reporting period | Number of participants in skills development projects funded by the HWSETA to support NGOs, CBOs, and trade unions in the reporting period | 206 | 175 | 179 | The HWSETA on an annual basis funds NGOs and CBOs through the levy exempt grant project. NGOs are awarded funding based on identified training interventions in the Workplace Skills Plans. Based on funding approved NGOs were able to train more employees within the approved grant. | Actual: R890 000 Budget: R5.018 million |

^{28.} Co-operatives are those organisations established in terms of the co-operatives Act, 2005 (Act 14 of 2005). Funding in respect of these organisations includes startup funding and skills development funding linked to worker initiated training.

^{30.} Funded refers to issuing of funding approval letter and signing of Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement



Strategic objective: Support public TVET Colleges and associated students in vocational training in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Socio economic status | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| The number of learners in TVET college partners funded ³¹ for vocational training in the reporting period | Number of learners in TVET colleges and other public colleges ³² (and the number of associated learners) enrolled ³³ for vocational training courses funded ³⁴ by the HWSETA in the reporting period | 806 | U | 1550 | 1212 | Four colleges were awarded funding during the financial year however only three were able to submit the required documentation, as a result, the targeted number of learners is less. | Actual: R0 Budget: R14.815 million |

^{31.} Funded refers to issuing of funding approval letter and signing of Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum dum of Agreement

Programme 2: Indicator 14

Strategic objective: Support Goal 3 of the National Development Plan: A capable public service to deliver on the objectives of a developmental state in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|---|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| The number of projects funded aimed at addressing the skills development priorities of the Departments of Health and Social Development in the reporting period | Number of projects funded ³⁵ through discretionary grants aimed at public sector education and training in the reporting period | 7 | 9 | 13 | The HWSETA was able to fund 13 employers on skills that are directly a priority of the Departments of Health and Social Development. The overachievement is also attributed to the Adhoc applications received from employers contributing to this target. | Actual: R9.698 million Budget: R9.558 million |

^{35.} Funded refers to issuing of funding approval letter and signing of Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement and Where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement and Where applicable release of tranche payments are per the Memorandum of Agreement and Where applicable release of tranche payments are per the Memorandum of Agreement and Where a payment are per the Memorandum of dum of Agreement

^{32.} Public colleges include pubic nursing colleges and

 ^{33.} Enrolled refers to registration with both the training institution and HWSETA Seta Management System
 34. Funded refers to issuing of funding approval letter and signing of Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement and where applicable release of tranche payments as per the Memorandum of Agreement and What Agreeme dum of Agreement

SUB-PROGRAMME: LEARNING PROGRAMMES

Programme 2: Indicator 1

Strategic objective: Identification, development of strategies and funding³⁶ of priority mid-level skills in the sector³⁷ in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| development | Number of projects funded through grants to develop and address mid- level skills within the reporting period | 8 | 10 | 11 | The over-achievement can be attributed to the number of ad-hoc applications received from stakeholders and funded based on available funds. | Actual: R683 000 Budget: R2 million |

- 36. Funding in this context means having met the requirements of the Expression of Interest which includes signing the Memorandum of Agreement
- 37. Health and Social Development projects and programmes include those that support cooperatives, cross-sectoral projects, development of placement guides and qualifi-
- 38. Projects and programmes initiated and funded through grants shall have equity and transformation imperatives of 85% black, 60% women, 5% people with disabilities and 70% youth
- 39. Mid-level categories refer to those categories of mid-level workers as defined by the respective statutory body

Programme 2: Indicator 3

Strategic objective: Increase of the number of work-ready graduates in mid-level and high-level skills development programmes through targeted funding within the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Socio economic status | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|---|--------------------------------|
| The number of employed and unemployed learners funded and | Number of employed and unemployed learners registered ⁴⁰ in learnership | 2653 | Е | 3000 | 3232 | Employers were requested to fast-track the submission of learnership agreements for more students to be registered. | Actual: R112.559 million |
| registered through learnerships in the reporting period treaming programmes and funded by the HWSETA in the reporting period | 1613 | U | 2500 | 2475 | Some organisations approved for employed students could not meet the requirements to place learners in the workplace after being conditionally approved. | Budget: R129.5 | |

^{40.} Registered means learner, employer and training provider details captured in the Seta Management System

Programme 2: Indicator 8

Strategic objective: Improve sector level productivity and economic growth through funding of identified skills programmes in the strategic period 42

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Socio economic status | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|---|-------------|
| The number of unemployed and employed workers funded and registered for skills programmes in the reporting period Number of employed and unemployed learners registered in skills programmes funded by HWSETA in the reporting period | 6650 | Е | 8000 | 8224 | The HWSETA created skills programmes bundles, which were well received by stakeholders. The scope of skills programme bundle was also broadened to cover the finance sector. | Actual: R8.901 million Budget: | |
| | in the reporting | 2044 | U | 2000 | 5019 | Due to the higher number of unemployed persons who may also be volunteers in the sector, it was easy to attract students who could benefit from skills programmes | R35 million |

^{42.} This support includes employed workers and unemployed learners

^{41.} Funded refers to issuing learner, employer and training provider details captured in the Seta Management System



Strategic objective: Support adult education and promote lifelong learning in the sector⁴³

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Socio economic status | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| Number of Learners registered ⁴⁴ for AET programmes over the strategic period. | Number of learners registered ⁴⁵ for AET programmes funded by HWSETA in the reporting period | 1530 | U | 1500 | 1540 | The HWSETA entered into agreements with multiple partners for the achievement of this target. | Actual: R1.041 million Budget: R6.372 million |

^{43.} This support includes employed workers and unemployed learners

Programme 2: Indicator 16

Strategic objective: Support partnerships to facilitate quality training and skills development in the sector in the strategic period 46

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Socio economic status | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| trained to offer qualifications in the health and social | Number of TVET College lecturers placed ⁴⁷ in work experience with employers in the reporting period | 34 | Е | 200 ⁴⁸ | 54 | Due to unavailability of Health and Social related qualifications at TVET colleges, the HWSETA has funded lecturers lecturing Early Childhood Development (ECD) qualifications. The HWSETA has, and continues to fund, TVET colleges to train learners studying towards ECD qualifications. The targeted number of learners as per the expression of interest was higher based on available funds | Actual: R124 000 Budget: R900 000 |

^{46.} This support includes employed workers and unemployed learners

Programme 2: Indicator 22

Strategic objective: Support levy-exempt organisations skills development initiatives in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| The number of levy-exempt organisations funded by the HWSETA in the reporting period | The number of levy-exempt organisations funded by the HWSETA in the reporting period | 116 | 132 | 132 | This target has been achieved and there are no deviations to explain. | Actual: R2.253 million Budget: R5.890 million |

 $^{44. \ \} Registered\ means\ learner,\ employer\ and\ training\ provider\ details\ captured\ in\ the\ Seta\ Management\ System$

 $^{45. \ \} Registered\ means\ learner,\ employer\ and\ training\ provider\ details\ captured\ in\ the\ Seta\ Management\ System$

^{47.} Placement refers to temporary visitation to employer premises to gain work related experience in the aspect of work that relates to the training programme the lecturer is engaged in

^{48.} The target of 200 was agreed based on anticipated implementation of new qualifications from QCTO. Since this has delayed, the default position of 40 TVET lecturers will be maintained in line with prior years.

PROGRAMME 3: QUALITY ASSURANCE AND QUALIFICATION DEVELOPMENT

Programme 3: Indicator 23

Strategic objective: Support partnerships to facilitate quality training and skills development in the sector in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|---|
| The number of partnership ³⁹ agreements signed outlining areas of collaboration in the reporting period | Number of partnerships signed through Memoranda of Understanding with the HWSETA in the reporting period ⁵⁰ | 32 | 15 | 28 | The HWSETA received a higher number of ad-hoc applications from the sector hence the over achievement. Additional funds from surplus and de-commitments attribute to the over achievement. | Actual: R0 Budget: R7.965 million |

 ^{49.} Partnership refers to projects where shared responsibility is agreed upon and defined in the memorandum of agreement or the memorandum of understanding
 50. Partnerships herein include Universities, TVET Colleges, Councils, Statutory bodies, employer bodies, communities of practice, etc

Programme 3: Indicator 19

Strategic objective: HWSETA accredited training providers deliver quality programmes in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|---|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| The number of skills development training providers ³¹ accredited to offer full qualifications in the reporting period | Number of skills development training providers ⁵² accredited ⁵³ in the reporting period | 138 | 78 | 111 | The achievement is based on received, processed and approved applications from Providers. The HWSETA has no control over the number of applications that are received. | Actual: R791 000 Budget: admin budget |
| | Sub-indicator 1: Percentage of assessors registered per year | 588 | 80% | 85% (529/620) | 620 applications were received during the 2016/17 financial year, 529 (85%) of these applicants were registered as assessors, 68 (11%) of the applications were declined, and 23 (4%) were still in the process of evaluation. The over-achievement is due to the number of qualifying applicants. The achievement would have been affected negatively should more applicants not have qualified for registration. | |
| | Sub-indicator 2: Percentage of moderators registered per year | 168 | 80% | 181% | 243 applications were received during the 2016/17 financial year, 197 (81%) of these applicants were registered as moderators, 19 (8%) of the application were declined, and 27 (11%) are still in the process of evaluation. The over-achievement is due to the number of qualifying applicants. The achievement would have been affected negatively should more applicants not have qualified for registration. | |
| | Sub-indicator 3: Number of learners certificated per year | 23929 (Funded) | 12102 | 18986 | The over-achievement is due to the number of certifications reported during the financial year. The following were the number of certification reported by programme: Learnerships unemployed 2063; learnerships employed 2498; skills programmes unemployed 3652; skills programmes employed 7224; Artisans 60; bursaries unemployed 454; bursaries employed 41; internships 691; TVET college student placement 712; university student placement 550; TVET college lecturer development 20; AET 1021. | |
| | | 11120 (Non funded) | 9720 | 12845 | 6872 students were certificated for full qualifications and 5973 students were certificated for skills programmes. The overachievement is due to the high number of learners trained by private colleges accredited by the HWSETA. | |

^{51.} This indicator includes all processes associated with the supply pipeline of HWSETA quality assured qualifications such as the registration of assessors, moderators and certification of learners (learning programmes evaluated – 137; workplaces validated – 40; registered assessors – 588; registered moderators – 168; verified learner achievements – 115; qualifications developed – 2 – process developed for function of assessment quality partner – 40%)

^{52.} Skills Development Training Providers refers to those as defined by the SAQA Act and the HWSETA policy

^{53.} Accreditation refers to meeting the criteria as set in the SAQA Act and the QCTO Act and policies/regulations and the HWSETA accreditation policies

Programme 3: Indicator 24⁵⁵

Strategic objective: HWSETA through its partners register and develop demand led qualifications in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|---|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| Number of new demand led qualifications developed and registered through the registration bodies in the reporting period | Number of new demand led qualifications developed and registered through the registration bodies per year ⁵⁶ | 0 | 5 | 14 | During career pathing of qualifications, it was discovered that one qualification required the development of part qualifications. These part qualifications are developed as independent qualifications and are registered as single qualifications. | Actual: R2.640 million Budget: R8 million |
| | Sub-indicator 1: Percentage of processes supported to develop qualifications per year | 0 | 95% | 98% (98/100) | Three qualifications that were under development had been completed by the end of the financial year. These qualifications will be ready for submission to the QCTO in the first quarter of the new financial year. In terms of the project plan for developing qualifications, nine milestones out of ten have been completed. The outstanding milestone involves submission of these qualifications. This milestone weighs 2% of the processes for developing these qualifications. The processes that have been completed therefore weigh 98%. | Actual: R683 000 |

^{55.} The outcome indicator associated with this indicator is indicator 12

Programme 3: Indicator 25⁵⁷

Strategic objective: Encouraging better use of workplace-based-skills programmes in the strategic period

| Five Year Success Indicator | Performance Indicator | Actual achievement 2015/16 | Planned Target | Actual Achievement | Comment on deviations | Spend |
|--|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Number of students funded ⁵⁸ to obtain full or part | Number of students funded ⁶⁰ to obtain full or part | 0 | 350 | 351 | Two RPL projects contributed to the achievement of the target. These included the RPL of artisans and the RPL of practitioner capacity development. | Actual: R4.057 million |
| qualification through Recognition of Prior Learning ⁵⁹ in the reporting period | qualification through Recognition of Prior Learning ⁶¹ in the reporting period | | | | | Budget: R7 million |

^{57.} The output indicator associated with this indicator is indicator 19 sub indicator 3

^{56.} The HWSETA noticed an error in the printed version of the 2016/17 annual performance plan. The error is on page 22 of the Annual Performance Plan where indicator 24 was erroneously printed in a confusing manner. The annual performance plan submitted to DHET in November 2015 did not have this error and is the one the HWSETA is using for reporting and auditing.

^{58.} Funded in this context refers to signing the MoA and registering in the HWSETA Management System (SMS)

 ^{59.} Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) is a process of identifying a candidate's knowledge and skills against a qualification or part thereof. The process involves, inter. alia, the identification, mediation, assessment and acknowledgement of knowledge and skills obtained through informal, non-formal and/or formal learning
 60. Funded in this context refers to signing the MoA and registering in the HWSETA Management System (SMS)

^{61.} Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) is a process of identifying a candidate's knowledge and skills against a qualification or part thereof. The process involves, interalia, the identification, mediation, assessment and acknowledgement of knowledge and skills obtained through informal, non-formal and/or formal learning



HWSETA Broadens its National Footprint

Since the HWSETA was established in 2001, it has changed and grown in line with legislation governing the operations of South Africa's 21 SETAs.

However, 2013 was an important year for the HWSETA as it was during this year that the Honourable Minister of Higher Education and Training, Dr Blade Nzimande called on South Africa's 21 SETAs to make their services more accessible to rural communities through partnerships with TVET colleges. In line with this call, the HWSETA has successfully established several satellite offices at TVET colleges across the country.

Also during 2013, the HWSETA Board made a decision to decentralise its

operations and establish fully-fledged Provincial Offices in several main centres across the country. Initially, offices were established in the Gauteng, Eastern Cape, Western Cape Limpopo and KZN provinces and each of these offices was quickly capacitated with the requisite staff. The KZN office would assume responsibility for the Free State, the Northern Cape was serviced from the Cape Town office, the Gauteng office covered North-West and Mpumalanga fell within the Limpopo's area of responsibility.

Whilst this enabled more effective stakeholder service than previously, the vast geographic distances that stakeholders from the Free State, North-West, Mpumalanga and Northern Cape needed to travel to access HWSETA services resulted in the HWSETA Board taking the decision to establish provincial offices in the remaining four provinces.

During the year under review, the HWSETA successfully increased its national footprint and hence its ability to make its services available to stakeholders across the country.

PARTNERSHIP WITH COASTAL KZN TVET COLLEGE

Coastal KZN TVET College's Appelsbosch campus situated in the Ozwatini Municipal District amidst miles and miles of sugar cane fields in KZN entered into a partnership with the HWSETA to enable the HWSETA to provide services to the surrounding communities in this very rural setting.



Seen at the partnership launch from left to right are: Mr L Gwala – Campus Manager - Coastal KZN TVET College Appelsbosch Campus; Mr S Ndlovu – Principal Coastal KZN TVET College; Ms Yvonne Mbane – Former CEO HWSETA



A launch function was held on 14 April 2016 and was followed in the afternoon by career guidance activities.

DR BLADE NZIMANDE OFFICIATES OPENING OF NORTHERN CAPE OFFICE

The Honourable Minister of Higher Education and Training, Dr Blade Nzimande, officially opened the new HWSETA Provincial Office in Kimberley on 22 July 2016.



He is seen here cutting the ribbon whilst Ms Yvonne Mbane, Former CEO for the HW-SETA; Mr N Shushu, Northern Cape MEC for Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development; and Chairman of HWSETA Board, Dr Confidence Moloko look on.

MAHIKENG PROVINCIAL OFFICE OFFICIALLY OPENS IN DECEMBER 2016

The HWSETA's Provincial Office in Mahikeng was officially opened by the Chairperson of the HWSETA Board, Dr Confidence Moloko.



Dr Moloko is seen here cutting the ribbon, whilst the Former CEO of the HWSETA and various members of the HWSETA Board look on.



The performance information by programme/ objective above indicates that the following indicators were not fully achieved:

- Indicator 3 number of unemployed learners registered in learnership training programmes [achieved 2475 against a target of 2500] – 99% achieved
- Indicator 5 percentage of qualified artisans and unemployed finding employment [65% achieved against a target of 80%] – 81.3% achieved
- Indicator 10 number of small and emerging businesses funded [achieved 106 against a target of 150] 70.6% achieved
- Indicator 17 number of learners in TVET colleges and other public colleges enrolled for vocational training courses [achieved 1212 against a target of 1550] – 78.2% achieved
- Indicator 18 percentage of filled positions in the approved organogram [92% achieved against a target of 95%] 96.8% achieved
- Indicator 20 percentage of processes automated and integrated [80% achieved against a target of 100%] – 80% achieved

In order to address these areas of underachievement the HWSETA has adopted the following strategies:

- Forge partnerships with employers early in the year and target high impact learnerships and other programmes
- Identify small and emerging businesses in the sector and address them through workshops and Board engagement sessions
- Target TVET colleges that have an interest in offering HWSETA qualifications and offer support. Further fund programmes that form a basis for students to be accepted in technicians learning programmes
- Forge strategic partnerships with statutory councils in the sector and work with them to support the sector
- Review HR processes to ensure they are efficient and effective in responding to vacancies that arise

Change to planned targets

During the year under review there were no changes to targets, however, two errata were noted as follows:

- The HWSETA noticed an error in the published version of the 2016/17 Annual Performance Plan. The error is on page 22 of the Annual Performance Plan where indicator 24 was erroneously printed in a confusing manner. The Annual Performance Plan submitted to DHET in November 2015 did not have this error and is the one the HWSETA is using for reporting and auditing and included in this Annual Report.
- The HWSETA noticed a wording error in the 2016/17 annual performance plan. The wording error is on the precise definition of the Technical Indicator Descriptor (TID) 6: number of students funded through bursaries for training in higher education institutions in the reporting period. The word "graduate" in the TID is misplaced and not consistent with how the indicator was implemented and reported. It implies that students are counted when they graduate whereas they are counted when they are awarded bursaries and the necessary documents are in place. The indicator, however, is correctly described in the footnotes on both the strategic plan and the Annual Performance Plan.

Revenue Collection

Sources of revenue (R million)

| Skills Develo | pment Revenue | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Estimate - 2016/17 | Actual collection 2016/17 | (Over)/under collection | Commentary | Estimate - 2015/16 | Actual collection -2015/16 | (Over)/under collection H11 |
| R456 | R400 | R-56 | 12% lower than budgeted. contributions received from employers have have not increased as expected. | R377,60 | R410 | R33 |
| Investment I | ncome – Interest | | | | | |
| Estimate - | Actual collection | (Over)/under | Commentary | Estimate - | Actual collection | (Over)/under |

| Estimate - 2016/17 | Actual collection 2016/17 | (Over)/under collection | Commentary | Estimate - 2015/16 | Actual collection -2015/16 | (Over)/under collection |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| R40 | R52 | R12 | Higher than expected due to | R26,30 | R37,40 | R11 |
| | | | large cash balances held. There | | | |
| | | | has been an improvement in | | | |
| | | | the movement of cash. | | | |

Government Levies

| Estimate - 2016/17 | Actual collection 2016/17 | (Over)/under collection | Commentary | Estimate - 2015/16 | Actual collection -2015/16 | (Over)/under collection |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| R72 | R117 | R45 | Actual collection is higher than | R237 | R86 | R-151 |
| | | | expect as more government | | | |
| | | | departments are complying | | | |
| | | | with the Cabinet Circular of | | | |
| | | | 2012. | | | |



GOVERNANCE

All Board members are aware of their fiduciary responsibilities and the need for fair, transparent, and accountable decisions and actions.

Board members are both individually and collectively liable for all decisions and actions of omission and commission by the Board during their term of office.







The HWSETA Board

The Board's role is to provide leadership, direction, and stewardship of the organisation's assets and interests in relation to the public funds it administers to promote public interest in skills development within the Health and Social Development (welfare) sectors.

The Board is constituted of 15 Board members representing the following constituencies and stakeholders in the sectors served by the HWSETA:

- Three ministerial appointees
- · Organised Labour
- Organised Employers, including small businesses and relevant government departments
- · Levy exempt sector
- Any interested professional body or bargaining council with jurisdiction in the sector, which the DHET Minister considers appropriate for the sector

The Board meets every quarter, or as required, to enable it to assert its governance responsibility as the Accounting Authority and as the employer of all HWSETA staff.

Fiduciary Responsibility of Board Members

All Board members are aware of their fiduciary responsibilities and the need for fair, transparent, and accountable decisions and actions. Board members are both individually and collectively liable for all decisions and actions of omission and commission by the Board during their term of office.

Statutory Meetings

Attendance of Board members at all statutory meetings is recorded in attendance registers which are audited annually by the Internal Auditors and the Auditor-General South Africa. All meetings are formally noted, with an agenda and supporting meeting packs. Meeting protocol is formal, and all minutes and documents are formally tabled, considered, addressed, filed, and stored.

Meeting Attendance Fees for Board Members

Board members are not staff members of the HWSETA, and they do not receive any salaries or benefits. Board members are employers of the HWSETA staff, and as such serve the HWSETA in their capacity as the Accounting Authority with executive oversight, accountability, and responsibility. A meeting fee is paid to Board members for their attendance at and contributions to statutory meetings.

A record is kept of all allowances paid to members, and such record is audited through internal and external audits conducted by the Internal Auditor and the Auditor-General South Africa, respectively.

Board Changes During Year Under Review:

The 3rd Board's tenure ended on 31 March 2016, but was extended until such time as a new Board was appointed. The 4th Board was appointed on 14 June 2016 and therefore the 3rd Board's tenure ended on 13 June 2016.

Board members in place and whose term ended as at 13 June 2016:

Ministerial Appointees

- Dr E.T Confidence Moloko, Independent Chairperson
- Ms Thembi Ngcobo

Representing Employer Representatives

- · Vacant, Department of Health
- Mr Rudie van Loggerenberg,
 Department of Social Development
- Ms Elsette Strachan, Dementia South Africa
- · Mr Derek Shardlow, NPG

Representing Organised Labour

- · Ms Fazeela Fayers, HOSPERSA
- Mr Hitler Sekhitla, NEHAWU
- · Mr Patrick Motubatse, NEHAWU
- Ms Emma Zondo, PSA
- · Vacant, NPSWU

Representing the Levy Exempt Sector

· Ms Iveda Smith

Representing People with Disabilities

• Mr Ari Seirlis

Board Resignations During the Year Under Revew:

- Mr Hennie Groenewald, Department of Health, resigned on 1 April 2016
- Mr Patrick Kekana, NPSWU, resigned on 11 January 2016

4th Board commencement on 14 June 2016

Dr E.T Confidence Moloko, Independent Chairperson

Representing Employer

- · Dr Andrew Crichton, Department of
- Dr Wiseman Magasela, Department of Social Development
- · Dr Dumisani Bomela, HASA
- Dr Nceba Ndzwayiba, Netcare Limited
- · Mr Dumisani Ndebele, NPG
- Ms Teleni Ntabeni, SASSA

Representing Organised Labour

- · Ms Mosidi Nkambule, DENOSA
- · Ms Fazeela Fayers, HOSPERSA
- Mr Pat Motubatse, NEHAWU
- Mr Hitler Sekhitla, NEHAWU
- Mr Mbongiseni Khanyeza, NPSWU
- · Mr Kagiso Mokaila, NUPSAW

Representing the Levy Exempt Sector

· Mr Ari Seirlis, QASA

Representing Professional Councils

· Dr Charlotte Nkuna, SA Veterinary Council

1 independent member, who is a Ministerial appointee: the Chairperson of the Board

labour

6 members representing organised

6 members representing organised employers, of which two are representatives of government constituencies

1 member representing Professional Councils

1 member representing the Levy Exempt Sector

HWSETA Board Comprising 15 Members

Executive Committee of the Board

The Board is assisted by its Executive Committee, which is comprised of 5 members from the Board. The Executive Committee meets monthly to assert strategic oversight over the HWSETA's affairs.

Standing Committees

The Board has five Standing Committees, namely:

- Finance, Remuneration & Tender Standing Committee
- Skills Development & RIME Standing Committee
- **ETQA Standing** Committee
- Corporate Services Standing Committee
- Audit. Risk and Governance Committee

The Standing Committees provide technical guidance and recommendations in kev portfolio areas, as well as assist the Executive Committee.

Audit, Risk and Governance **Committee**

The Audit, Risk and Governance Committee is a standing committee with direct delegations from, and reporting to, the Board. It assists the Accounting Authority in its compliance, oversight, governance and fiduciary responsibilities within the prevailing legislative prescriptions. Furthermore, this committee is responsible for review and update of the risk analysis, by management and independently from internal

The Audit, Risk and Governance Committee comprises three independent members who are recruited openly and are not members of the Board. The remaining two members of this committee stem from the Board.

This committee functions in line with its Committee Charter and complies with principles of good corporate governance and with the requirements of the Public Finance Management Act.

Ms Mashamaite Ramutsheli, Independent Aucom member appointed 1 July 2016

Mr Siphele Madikizela, Independent Aucom member resigned on 20 December 2016

HWSETA Board Members Meeting Attendance

| Meeting Attendance 3rd Board 1 April 2016 to 13 June 2016 | Date Appointed | Board and Special Board Meetings | AGM, workshops, conferences and training | EXCO Meetings | Finance Standing Committee | Tender Standing Committee | Skills Development Standing Committee | ETOA Standing Committee | Corporate Services Standing Committee | Audit and Risk Committee |
|---|----------------|-------------------------------------|---|---------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|-------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Number of Meetings Convened | | 2 | 0 | 3 | 1 | | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Dr Confidence Moloko Independent Chairperson | 7-Oct 2014 | 2 | | 3 | | | | | | |
| Ms Thembi Ngcobo Ministerial Appointee | 1-Apr 2011 | 2 | | | | | 1 | 2 | | |
| Ms Emma Zondo Labour | 1-Apr 2011 | 1 | | | | | | 1 | | |
| Ms Fazeela Fayers Labour | 1-Apr 2011 | 2 | | 3 | | | 1 | | | |
| Mr Hitler Sekhitla Labour | 1-Apr 2011 | 2 | | 3 | 1 | | 1 | 2 | | |
| Mr Pat Motubatse Labour | 1-Apr 2011 | 2 | | | 1 | | | | | 2 |
| Mr Rudie van Loggerenberg Employer | 1-Apr 2011 | 2 | | 1 | | | 1 | | | |
| Ms Elsette Strachan Employer | 1-Apr 2011 | 2 | | | | | 1 | 2 | | |
| Mr Derek Shardlow Employer | 1-Apr 2011 | 1 | | 2 | 1 | | | 1 | | 1 |
| Ms Iveda Smith Levy-examept Sector | 1-Apr 2011 | 2 | | | 1 | | | | | |
| Mr Ari Seirlis People with Disabilities | 1-Apr 2011 | 2 | | | | | 1 | 1 | | |



| Meeting Attendance 4th Board 14 June 2016 to 31 March 2017 All appointed on 14 June 2016 | Board and Special Board Meetings | AGM, workshops, conferences and training | EXCO Meetings | Finance, Remuneration & Tender Standing Committee | Skills Development / RIME Standing Committee | ETOA Standing Committee | Corporate Services Standing Committee | Audit and Risk Committee |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|---------------|--|---|-------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Number of Meetings Convened | 8 | 6 | 11 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Dr Confidence Moloko Independent Chairperson | 8 | 5 | 11 | | | | | 1 |
| Ms Teleni Ntabeni Employer | 7 | 5 | | | 3 | | 2 | |
| Dr Nceba Ndzwayiba Employer | 5 | 5 | | | 2 | 2 | | |
| Mr Dumisani Ndebele Employer | 7 | 4 | | 6 | | | | 2 |
| Dr Wiseman Magasela Employer | 4 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 3 | | | |
| Dr Andrew Crichton Employer | 2 | 1 | | | | | | |
| Dr Dumisani Bomela Employer | 6 | 2 | 10 | 6 | | | 2 | ČS. |
| Ms Mosidi Nkambule Labour | 8 | 6 | | | | 2 | 2 | |
| Ms Fazeela Fayers Labour | 7 | 4 | 11 | | 1 | | 2 | |
| Mr Hitler Sekhitla Labour | 5 | 4 | 10 | 3 | | 2 | | A |
| Mr Pat Motubatse Labour | 8 | 6 | | 8 | 3 | | 2 | 3 |
| Mr Mbongiseni Khanyeza Labour | 8 | 6 | | 7 | | 2 | A | v7 ()_ |
| Mr Kagiso Mokaila Labour | 7 | 6 | | | | | <u>_</u> in | |
| Dr Charlotte Nkuna Professional Councils | 6 | 4 | | 4 | 2 | 2 | | |
| Mr Ari Seirlis People with Disabilities | 2 | 3 | | | 3 | | 2 2 | |

HWSETA Board (picture page 42)

Back row left to right:

Dr Nceba Ndzwayiba, Dr Charlotte Nkuna, Mr Hitler Sekhitla,

Mr Kagiso Mokaila, Ms Mosidi Nkambule, Dr Wiseman Magasela, Mr Dumisani Ndebele,

Mr Mbonginseni Khanyeza

Front row left to right:

Mr Patrick Motubatse, Mrs Elaine Brass (Acting CEO), Dr Confidence Moloko (Chairperson), Ms Teleni Ntabeni

Not available for group photograph (see right): Dr Dumisani Bomela, Mr Ari Seirlis and Ms Fazeela Fayers Dr Andrew Crichton (Photograph unavailable)



DR DUMISANI BOMELA



MR ARI SEIRLIS



MS FAZEELA FAYERS



Executive Authority DHET

The HWSETA reports to the DHET on the following basis:

- Quarterly reporting of both financial and non-financial information
- · The Annual Sector Skills Plan
- · The annual budget and Strategic Plan
- The Annual Performance Plan for the following financial year

Internal Control Unit

The HWSETA's internal audit function is outsourced to an independent firm. The internal audit function operates on an approved three-year rolling strategic internal audit plan. The internal audit plan is formulated on the HWSETA's current operations and the strategic plan, with a focus on the key risks of the HWSETA as identified by a risk assessment. The internal auditors report in accordance with an approved Charter which is in line with the Audit Committee Charter. The internal audit function has continuously added value by strengthening the control environment through improvements in internal control.

In the current year, nine internal audits were performed, which allowed the HWSETA to strengthen internal controls.

Internal Audit and Audit Committees



THE EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROL

The system of internal control applied by the Health and Welfare SETA over financial and risk management is effective, efficient and transparent.

In line with the PFMA and the Treasury Regulations, Internal Audit provides the Audit Committee and management with assurance that the internal controls are appropriate and effective. This is achieved by means of the risk management process, as well as the identification of corrective actions and suggested enhancements to the controls and processes. From the various reports of the Internal Auditors, we noted that no matters were reported that indicate any material deficiencies in the system of internal control or any deviations there

An updated annual formal risk assessment was undertaken by Health and Welfare SETA for the year ending 2016/17. Consequently, Internal Audit used this data to prepare the 3 year rolling strategic plan and the annual operating audit plan. The Committee monitored the significant risks faced by the Health and Welfare SETA and is satisfied that these risks were managed to an acceptable level. The Health and Welfare SETA implemented a risk management strategy which includes a fraud prevention plan. We acknowledge that the findings raised by the Auditor-General South Africa for the last financial year end have been satisfactorily resolved.

Management is committed to addressing the issues raised by the Internal Auditors and External Auditors and this follow-up report is reviewed by the Committee during its meetings. Accordingly, the system of internal control over financial reporting for the period under review was efficient and effective.



INTERNAL AUDIT

We are satisfied that the Internal Audit function has operated effectively and that it has addressed the risks pertinent to the Health and Welfare SETA in its audits. We believe the Internal Audit has contributed to the improvement of internal controls within the Health and Welfare SETA.



AUDIT COMMITTEE RESPONSIBILITY

The Audit and Risk Committee has adopted appropriate formal terms of reference in its charter in line with the requirements of Section 51(1)(a) of the Public Finance Management Act, No. 1 of 1999 and Treasury Regulation 27. The Audit and Risk Committee has conducted its affairs in compliance with this charter.

Key activities and objectives of the Audit and Risk Committee

The Audit Committee has:

- reviewed and discussed the audited Annual Financial Statements to be included in the annual report, with the Auditor-General South Africa and the Accounting Authority;
- reviewed the Auditor-General's management letter and management's response thereto;
- reviewed changes in accounting policies and practices; and
- reviewed significant adjustments resulting from the audit if applicable.

The Audit Committee concurs and accepts the Auditor-General's conclusions on the Annual Financial Statements, and is of the opinion that the Audited Annual Financial Statements be accepted and read together with the report of the Auditor-General South Africa.

The following internal audits were conducted by the internal auditors during the 2016/17 financial year:

- Human resource management and payroll review
- · ETQA review
- Discretionary grant and commitment audit
- Procurement and contract management audit
- · Performance information audit
- RIME process efficiency and SSP process review
- · ERP governance audit review
- ERP project assurance follow-up review
- ERP security penetration review

The Audit and Risk Committee is established and comprises three independent members and two Board members. The Committee is advisory in nature and reports directly to the Board.

The committee's Charter and Terms of Reference are aligned to the HWSETA's constitution, the PFMA and Treasury Regulations. This Committee also takes on the responsibility of IT and Governance oversight.

The Audit and Risk Committee has the following objectives, to review:

- a. the effectiveness of the internal control systems;
- b. the effectiveness of internal audit;
- c. the risk areas of the entity's operations to be covered in the scope of internal and external audits;
- d. the adequacy, reliability and accuracy
 of financial information provided to
 management and other users of such
 information;
- e. any accounting and auditing concerns identified as a result of internal and external audits;
- f. the entity's compliance with legal and regulatory provisions;
- g. the activities of the internal audit function, including its annual work programme, coordination with the external auditors, the reports of significant investigations and the responses of management to specific recommendations; and
- h. where relevant, the independence and objectivity of the external auditors.

The table below discloses relevant information on the audit committee members

| Name | Qualifications | Internal | If internal, position in the public entity | No. of Meetings attended |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|--|--------------------------------|
| Mr Rayhaan Adam (Chairperson) | CA (SA) | External | n/a | 5 |
| Ms Mashamaite Ramutsheli | MPhil Internal Auditing | External | n/a | 2 |
| Mr Siphele Madikizela | CA (SA) | External | n/a | 4 |
| Mr Pat Motubatse | | Internal | Board Member | 5 |
| Mr Derek Shardlow* | | Internal | Board Member | 1 |
| Mr D Ndebele** | | Internal | Board Member | 3 |

^{*}Old Board Member

Ms Mashamaite Ramutsheli, Independent Aucom member appointed 1 July 2016 Mr Siphele Madikizela, Independent Aucom member resigned on 20 December 2016

^{* *}New Board Member



COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The HWSETA has established internal mechanisms to ensure compliance with laws and regulations, including checklists and internal reporting. The following are significant changes to laws and regulations that have had an effect on the period under review.



HWSETA LICENSE

SETA's are established by the Minister of Higher Education and Training for a period of 5 years. During the 2015/16 financial year the license that was scheduled to expire on 31 March 2016 was extended to 31 March 2018.

On 15 December 2016, the Minister of Higher Education and Training announced a further extension of the SETA licences to 31 March 2020.



FRAUD AND CORRUPTION

The HWSETA has a fraud prevention plan in place that has been implemented. As one mechanism, the HWSETA has an anonymous tip-offs hot line which is widely advertised, and is included on our website. The HWSETA investigates all tip-offs made without exception. Tip-offs from our hot line are given directly to our internal auditors who then report to the appropriate authority for investigation.



ALLEGATIONS OF MISCONDUCT

There have been charges of misconduct by some staff members of the HWSETA during the year. In terms of the disciplinary policy appropriate actions were taken, and one employee was dismissed.

A total of 15 tip-offs were received between 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017. These tip-offs were reported through the tip-offs hot line and went directly to the Internal Auditors to ensure confidentiality. All 15 related to external service providers and not the internal affairs of the HWSETA. All tip-offs were investigated. Twelve were resolved and the resolution of three were in progress at the end of the financial period.



MINIMISING CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The HWSETA abides by the HWSETA Related Party policy. Declarations of interest are made and recorded at each Board, subcommittee meeting of the HWSETA, and in the Tender Committee meetings for specification and adjudication of tenders.

All employees, including senior management declare their interest annually which is co-ordinated and monitored by the Corporate Services Division. In an effort to discourage conflicts of interest, it is the policy of the HWSETA that all employees must refrain from the acceptance of gifts from employers, suppliers and other outside parties.

If any conflict arises, the affected employee will immediately refrain from participation in any supply chain management process or decision making process. This has occurred on a few occasions, and the affected individual has refrained from participation in decision making in the affected area/issue.



CODE OF CONDUCT

The HWSETA has a Code of Conduct and Business Ethics Policy which provides direction to employees with regard to their relationship with other employees and the public and to indicate the spirit in which employees should perform their duties, what should be done to avoid conflicts of interest and what is expected of them in terms of their personal conduct in public and private life.

The primary purpose of the Code

is to promote exemplary conduct.

Notwithstanding this, an employee shall be guilty of misconduct and shall be dealt with in accordance with the relevant HWSETA policies, if she / he contravenes any provision of the Code or fails to comply with any provision thereof.

A record of all declaration of interests and gifts is maintained.



HEALTH, SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

The health and safety of all employees is of paramount importance at the HWSETA.

Regular meetings of the HWSETA OHS Committee are held in order to discuss safety issues, identify potential safety risks and address these accordingly.

Members of the Committee are trained in OHSA and conduct regular inspections. A safe working environment contributes to staff morale and productivity. Employees are encouraged to do e-filing and minimise paper printing where possible. Paper and waste recycling are encouraged.



SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The HWSETA invests its annual Corporate Social Responsibility spend in the following areas:

- Hygiene
- School Uniforms
- Bursaries
- Early Childhood Development

Participation in Key Events

NATIONAL SKILLS CONFERENCE 2017

Collaboration between numerous public and government entities, educational institutions, training providers, as well as private organisations is important to the success of South Africa's skills development mandate.

The buy-in to this thinking was clearly demonstrated at the National Skills Conference held from 23 to 24 March 2017 at the Saint Georges Hotel in Pretoria.

The event, hosted and organised by the National Skills Authority (NSA) in conjunction with the Department of



From left: Lerato Monyatsi, Moheen Roode – Life Heath Care; Happiness Zwane and Mmasetena Makhafola - SASSA.

Higher Education and Training (DHET) provided the ideal opportunity for all the relevant stakeholders to discuss and debate skills development in the country.



From left: Busisiwe Madisha, Helia Aucamp – AM-PATH; Thilivhali Netshiongolwe – HWSETA; Anneke Naude - Netcare and Lebogang Moono – HWSETA

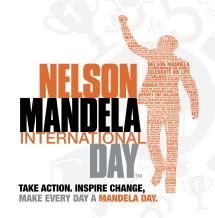
The HWSETA participated actively in both the conference and exhibition. Several stakeholders participated on the HWSETA stand at the exhibition.

MANDELA DAY 2016

In 2016, the HWSETA celebrated the life of this great man with a variety of activities. The HWSETA participated in the Department of Higher Education and Training's annual Mandela Day career guidance event. In 2016 the event took place at the Gert Sibande TVET College in Ermelo.

Mpumalanga. 4000 learners from the surrounding communities attended the event.

The HWSETA donated motorised wheelchairs to two young students at the University of Fort Hare's Alice Campus in the Eastern Cape.





Learners from the SC Kgobokoe High School, situated in Tstetse Village just outside Mahikeng in the North West Province received dignity packs from the HW-SETA comprising some basic toiletry items.



Seen at the handover of the two wheelchairs are: Ms Yvonne Mbane, Former CEO for the HWSETA; Miss Mihle Nogaxa, wheelchair recipient; Mr Mduduzi Manana, Deputy Minister of Higher Education and Training; Mr Mava Ngcinegane, wheelchair recipient; Professor Michael Somniso, University of Fort Hare and Dr Mvuyo Tom, Vice-Chancellor at University of Fort Hare.

Audit Committee Report

We are pleased to present our report for the year ended 31 March 2017.

The Audit Committee reports that it has complied with its responsibilities arising from Section of the Public Finance Management Act and Treasury Regulation 27.1.10. The Audit Committee also reports that it has adopted appropriate formal terms of reference as its Audit Committee Charter, has regulated its affairs in compliance with this charter and has discharged all its responsibilities as contained therein, except that we have not reviewed changes in accounting policies and practices.

THE EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROL

Our review of the findings of the Internal Audit work, which was based on the risk assessments conducted in the HWSETA revealed certain weaknesses, which were then raised with the HWSETA, however these were not significant weaknesses identified in internal control. The following internal audit work was completed during the year under review:

- Human resource management and payroll review
- ETQA review
- Discretionary grant and commitment audit
- Procurement and contract management audit
- · Performance information audit
- RIME process efficiency and SSP process review
- · ERP governance audit review
- ERP project assurance follow-up review
- · ERP security penetration review

The Committee monitored the significant risks faced by the Health and Welfare SETA and is satisfied that these risks were managed to an acceptable level. The Health and Welfare SETA implemented a risk management strategy which includes a fraud prevention plan. We acknowledge that the findings raised by the Auditor-General South Africa for the last financial year end have been satisfactorily resolved.

Management is committed to addressing the issues raised by the Internal Auditors and external auditors and this follow up report is reviewed by the Committee during its meetings.

Accordingly, we can report that the system of internal control over financial reporting for the period under review was efficient and effective.

INTERNAL AUDIT

We are satisfied that the Internal Audit function has operated effectively and that It has addressed the risks pertinent to the Health and Welfare SETA in its audits. We believe the Internal Audit has contributed to the improvement of internal controls within the Health and Welfare SETA.

IN-YEAR MANAGEMENT AND MONTHLY/QUARTERLY REPORT

The HWSETA has submitted monthly and quarterly reports to the Executive Authority as required.

EVALUATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Audit Committee has:

 Reviewed and discussed the audited annual financial statements to be included in the annual report, with the

- Auditor-General South Africa and the Accounting Authority;
- Reviewed the Auditor-General's management letter and management's response thereto;
- Reviewed changes in accounting policies and practices; and
- Reviewed significant adjustments resulting from the audit.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have reviewed the HWSETA's implementation plan for audit issues raised in the prior year and we are satisfied that the matters have been adequately resolved, except for matters that can only be fully resolved on implementation of an automated ERP system.

CONCLUSION

The Audit Committee concurs and accepts the Auditor-General's conclusions on the annual financial statements, and is of the opinion that the audited annual financial statements be accepted and read together with the report of the Auditor-General South Africa.

APPRECIATION

The Audit Committee expresses its sincere appreciation to the Accounting Authority, Executive management team, Internal Audit and the Auditor-General South Africa for their co-operation towards us achieving the requirements of our Charter as mandated.

Mr R Adam

Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee

HWSETA Continues to Achieve Excellence

HWSETA ESTABLISHES EISA BENCHMARK

During the period under review, the HWSETA successfully registered the Health Promotion Officer Qualification (Community Health Worker) on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF). The HWSETA was also appointed the Assessment Quality Partner (AQP)

by the Quality Council for Trades and Occupations (QCTO) for this same qualification.

As an AQP, primary responsibilities include: the management of External Integrated Summative Assessments

(EISA), recommending assessment centres, coordinating the national examination processes and marking the assessment papers before forwarding the results to QCTO for external moderation, endorsement and certification.





On 1 September 2016, 555 students out of the 900 registered course participants sat for the first EISA exams at nine assessment centres across the country.

The hard work and laying of foundations in previous years has seen the HWSETA ETQA taking great strides in terms of performance. The implementation of Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) capacity building for the HWSETA accredited and approved SDPs successfully resulted in the capacitation of 222 delegates who assessed more than 300 candidates through RPL on the HWSETA quality assured programmes. The project's two-phased approach, that comprised the training on two unit standards and on-site support for actual assessments of candidates was greatly appreciated by the beneficiaries. The HWSETA is the first SETA ETQA to implement the (QCTO) External Integrated Summative Assessment (EISA). In September 2016, of the 555 learners who undertook the assessment 391 were found competent for EISA. Thirteen occupational qualifications that met the relevant QCTO requirements were also introduced during this period.

Baakedi Motubatse, Executive Manager ETQA Division





HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

The HWSETA's Corporate Services
Division worked hard during
the period under review to
enable the successful opening
of the Kimberley and Mahikeng
Provincial Offices. During this
same period, extensive preparation
was done to facilitate the opening
of the Bloemfontein and Nelspruit
Offices within the first six months
of the new financial period. Once
completed, the HWSETA will have
representation in all nine of South
Africa's provinces.

Bob Pardesi, Executive Manager, Corporate Services Division





Human Resources

Introduction

The Human Resources division's objective is to create a work environment that is conducive to staff performance and ultimately service delivery which is key to the success of the HWSETA service delivery. The HR priorities for the year under review focussed on recruitment to ensure that Head Office, Provincial

Offices and satellite offices in TVET
Colleges were staffed and capacitated.
A strong training focus ensured that
HWSETA Staff were skilled and trained in
various disciplines. All staff have entered
into performance agreements with
the HWSETA which is used a basis to
measure performance and developmental

needs. Policies were developed and reviewed to ensure compliance to legislation as well as to meet the needs of the organisation. Challenges included sourcing appropriate skills and qualified staff that are in line with the HWSETA mandate.

Human Resources Oversight Statistics

PERSONNEL COST BY PROGRAMME/ACTIVITY/OBJECTIVE

| Programme/activity/objective | Total Expenditure for the entity (R'000) | Personnel Expenditure (R'000) | Personnel exp. as a % of total exp. (R'000) | No. of employees | Average personnel cost per employee (R'000) |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|---|------------------|---|
| Administration (Finance, Corporate Services, RIME and CEO's Office) | 83 922 | 45 207 | 54 | 125 | 362 |
| Skills Development Planning | 7 044 | 6856 | 97 | 21 | 326 |
| Education, Training and Quality Assurance | 9 024 | 8 545 | 95 | 21 | 407 |

PERSONNEL COST BY SALARY BAND

| Level | Personnel Expenditure (R'000) | % of personnel exp. to total personnel cost (R'000) | No. of employees | Average personnel cost per employee (R'000) |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|------------------|--|
| Top (CEO) Management | 1 923 | 3 | 1 | 1 923 |
| Senior (EXEC) Management | 7 494 | 12 | 5 | 1 498 |
| Professional qualified (MNGRS) | 14 321 | 24 | 21 | 681 |
| Skilled | 21 479 | 35 | 49 | 431 |
| Semi-skilled | 13 377 | 22 | 49 | 273 |
| Unskilled | 2 014 | 3 | 42 | 48 |
| TOTAL | 60 608 | 99 | 167* | 442 |

^{*}This figure is the actual number of employees employed over the year and not at year end as reflected in note 7.1 of the annual financial statements.

PERFORMANCE REWARDS

| Programme/activity/objective | Performance rewards (R'000) | Personnel Expenditure (R'000) | % of performance rewards to total personnel cost (R'000) |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Top (CEO) Management | 157 | 1 923 | 8 |
| Senior (EXEC) Management | 544 | 7 494 | 7 |
| Professional qualified (MNGRS) | 1 039 | 14 321 | 7/// |
| Skilled | 918 | 21 479 | 4 4 |
| Semi-skilled | 619 | 13 377 | <u> </u> |
| Unskilled | 0 | 2 014 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 32 77 | 60 608 | |

TRAINING COSTS

| Programme/activity/objective | Personnel Expenditure (R'000) | Training Expenditure (R'000) | Training Expenditure as a % of Personnel Cost. | No. of individual training interventions undertaken | Avg training cost per employee |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------|
| Administration | 45 207 | 151 813 | 30 | 31 | 4897 |
| (Finance, Corporate Services, | | | | | |
| RIME and CEO's Office) | | | | | |
| Skills Development Planning | 6 856 | 18 998 | 36 | 2 | 9499 |
| Education, Training and | 8 545 | 4 599 | 53 | 1 | 4599 |
| Quality Assurance | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 60 608 | 175 411 | | 34 | 5159 |

EMPLOYMENT AND VACANCIES

| Programme/activity/objective | 2016/2017 No. of Employees | 2016/2017 Approved Posts | 2016/2017 Vacancies | % of vacancies |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| Top Management | 0 | 1 | 1 | 100% |
| Senior Management | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0% |
| Professionals - Managers, Supervisors, Officers | 63 | 85 | 22 | 26% |
| Skilled | 43 | 45 | 2 | 4% |
| Semi-skilled | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Unskilled | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| TOTAL | 111 | 136 | 25 | 18% |

 $The \ statistics \ above \ are \ as \ at \ 31 \ March \ 2017 \ and \ is \ not \ reflective \ of \ the \ turnover \ rate \ during \ the \ financial \ year \ under \ review.$

EMPLOYMENT CHANGES

| Salary Band | Employment at beginning of period | Appointments | Terminations | Employment at end of the period |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------------------|
| Top (CEO) Management | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Senior (EXEC) Management | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Professional qualified (MNGRS) | 56 | 13 | 8 | 61 |
| Skilled | 33 | 11 | 4 | 40 |
| Semi-skilled | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unskilled | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 95 | 24 | 13 | 106 |

REASONS FOR TERMINATION

| | Number | % of total no. of staff leaving |
|--------------------|--------|---------------------------------|
| Death | 0 | 0% |
| Resignation | 12 | 10.7% |
| Dismissal | 1 | 0.89 |
| Retirement | 0 | 0% |
| III health | 0 | 0% |
| Expiry of contract | 0 | 0% |
| Other | 0 | 0% |
| ГОТАL | 13 | 12.5% |

The main reasons for staff leaving includes better job offers

LABOUR RELATIONS: MISCONDUCT AND DISCIPLINARY ACTION

| Nature of disciplinary Action | Number | |
|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| Verbal Warning | 0 | |
| Written Warning | 9 | |
| Final Written warning | 1 | |
| Dismissal | 1 | |
| TOTAL | 11 | |

isciplinary action taken is informed by the HWSETA Disciplinary Code and Policy. Progressive discipline is followed where the transgression warrants such

EMPLOYMENT EQUITY STATUS : MALE

| Levels | Afri | African | | Coloured | | Indian | | White | |
|------------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|--------|---------|--------|--|
| | Current | Target | Current | Target | Current | Target | Current | Target | |
| Top Management | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Senior Management | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | |
| Professional qualified | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| Skilled | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 0 | |
| Semi-skilled | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| Unskilled | 3 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| TOTAL | 27 | 33 | 3 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 2 | 1 | |

EMPLOYMENT EQUITY STATUS : FEMALE

| Levels | Afri | can | Coloured | | Indian | | White | |
|------------------------|---------|--------|----------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|
| | Current | Target | Current | Target | Current | Target | Current | Target |
| Top Management | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Senior Management | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Professional qualified | 8 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Skilled | 34 | 19 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Semi-skilled | 16 | 24 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| Unskilled | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 59 | 53 | 11 | 13 | 7 | 5 | 6 | 8 |

EMPLOYMENT EQUITY STATUS: MALE AND FEMALE DISABLED

| | Ma | ile | fer | male |
|------------------------|---------|--------|---------|--------|
| Levels | Current | Target | Current | Target |
| Top Management | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Senior Management | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Professional qualified | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Skilled | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Semi-skilled | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Unskilled | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |





FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The HWSETA has maintained its clean audit status for the fourth year. Furthermore, the The HWSETA has maintained commitment of discretionary grant funding has improved during this period with 95% of available funding having been committed to our sectors. During the year, the HWSETA has disbursed R313 million of its opening committed funds. Once again, the HWSETA has realised savings in its administration and ended the year with a surplus on administration of R29 million. These funds are carried over to 2017/18 to be utilised for Discretionary grant funding.

> Mrs Daphne Theaker Acting Chief Financial Officer







for the year ended 31 March 2017

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

- 1. I have audited the financial statements of the Health and Welfare Sector Education and Training Authority (HWSETA) set out on pages 62 98, which comprise the statement of the financial position as at 31 March 2017, the statement of financial performance, statement of changes in net assets, the statement of cash flows and the statement of comparison of budget information with actual information for the year then ended, as well as the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.
- 2. In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Health and Welfare Sector Education and Training Authority as at 31 March 2017, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with South African Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (SA Standards of GRAP) and the requirements of the Public Management Finance Act of South Africa, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999) (PFMA), and the Skills Development Act, 1998 (Act No 97 of 1998) (SDA).

Basis for opinion

- 3. I conducted my audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor-general's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report.
- 4. I am independent of the public entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of ethics for professional accountants (IESBA code) and the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit in South Africa. I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA code.
- 5. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of the accounting authority

- 6. The accounting authority is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with South African Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (SA Standards of GRAP) and the requirements of the Public Management Finance Act of South Africa, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999) (PFMA), and the Skills Development Act, 1998 (Act No 97 of 1998) (SDA) and for such internal control as the accounting authority determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 7. In preparing the financial statements, the accounting authority is responsible for assessing the Health and Welfare Sector Education and Training Authority's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the accounting authority either intends to liquidate the public entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor-general's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

- 8. My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial
- 9. A further description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is included in the annexure to the auditor's report.

Report on the audit of the annual performance report

Introduction and scope

- 10. In accordance with the Public Audit Act of South Africa, 2004 (Act No. 25 of 2004) (PAA) and the general notice issued in terms thereof I have a responsibility to report material findings on the reported performance information against predetermined objectives for selected programmes presented in the annual performance report. I performed procedures to identify findings but not to gather evidence to express assurance.
- 11. My procedures address the reported performance information, which must be based on the approved performance planning documents of the public entity. I have not evaluated the completeness and appropriateness of the performance indicators included in the planning documents. My procedures also did not extend to any disclosures or assertions relating to planned performance strategies and information in respect of future periods that may be included as part of the reported performance information. Accordingly, my findings do not extend to these matters.
- 12.I evaluated the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information in accordance with the criteria developed from the performance management and reporting framework, as defined in the general notice, for the following selected programmes presented in the annual performance report of the public entity for the year ended 31 March 2017:
- Pages in the annual performance **Programmes** report Programme 1: 24 - 26Administration Programme 2: Skills Development Programme 27 - 32 Implementation and Projects Programme 3: 33 - 34 Quality Assurance and Qualification Development

- 13.I performed procedures to determine whether the reported performance information was properly presented and whether performance was consistent with the approved performance planning documents. I performed further procedures to determine whether the indicators and related targets were measurable and relevant, and assessed the reliability of the reported performance information to determine whether it was valid, accurate and complete.
- 14.I did not identify any material findings on the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information for the following programmes:
- Programme 1 Administration
- Programme 2 Skills Development Programme Implementation and Projects
- Programme 3 Quality Assurance and Qualification Development

Other matter

Achievement of planned targets

15. Refer to the annual performance report on pages 24 to 34 for information on the achievement of planned targets for the year and explanations provided for the under/overachievement of a number of targets.

Report on audit of compliance with legislation

Introduction and scope

- 16. In accordance with the PAA and the general notice issued in terms thereof I have a responsibility to report material findings on the compliance of the public entity with specific matters in key legislation. I performed procedures to identify findings but not to gather evidence to express assurance.
- 17. I did not identify instances of material non-compliance with selected specific requirements of applicable, as set out in the general notice issued in terms of the PAA legislation.

Other information

- 18. The HWSETA accounting authority is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report which includes the accounting authority's report and the audit committee's report. The other information does not include the financial statements, the auditor's report thereon and those selected programmes presented in the annual performance report that have been specifically reported on in the auditor's report.
- 19. My opinion on the financial statements and findings on the reported performance information and compliance with legislation do not cover the other information and I do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- 20.In connection with my audit, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements and the selected programmes presented in the annual performance report, or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work I have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Internal control deficiencies

Auditor-General

21.I considered internal control relevant to my audit of the financial statements, reported performance information and compliance with applicable legislation; however, my objective was not to express any form of assurance thereon. I did not identify any significant deficiencies in internal control.

Pretoria 31 July 2017



Auditing to build public confidence



Annexure – Auditor-General's responsibility for the audit

As part of an audit in accordance
with the ISAs, I exercise professional
judgement and maintain professional
scepticism throughout my audit of
the financial statements, and the
procedures performed on reported
performance information for selected
programmes and on the public entity's
compliance with respect to the selected
subject matters.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- In addition to my responsibility for the audit of the financial statements as described in the auditor's report, I also:
- identify and assess the risks of
 material misstatement of the financial
 statements whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit
 procedures responsive to those risks,
 and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide
 a basis for my opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement
 resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional
 omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the public entity's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the accounting authority.

- · conclude on the appropriateness of the accounting authority's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements. I also conclude, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the HWSETA ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements about the material uncertainty or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the opinion on the financial statements. My conclusions are based on the information available to me at the date of the auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause a public entity to cease operating as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit
 evidence regarding the financial
 information of the entities or business
 activities within the group to express
 an opinion on the consolidated
 financial statements. I am responsible
 for the direction, supervision and
 performance of the group audit. I
 remain solely responsible for my audit
 opinion.

COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE

- 3. I communicate with the accounting authority regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.
- 4. I also confirm to the accounting authority that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to have a bearing on my independence and here applicable, related safeguards



Statement of Financial Perfomance

| | | 2016/17 | 2015/16 |
|---|-------|---------|---------|
| | Note | R'000 | R'000 |
| REVENUE | | | |
| Non - Exchange Revenue | 3 | 516 954 | 496 529 |
| Skills Development Levy: income | | 509 518 | 487 892 |
| Skills Development Levy: penalties and interest | | 7 436 | 8 637 |
| Exchange Revenue | | 55 033 | 37 772 |
| Interest income | 4 | 51 791 | 37 400 |
| Other income | 5 | 3 242 | 372 |
| Total revenue | | 571 987 | 534 301 |
| EXPENSES | | | |
| Total expenses | ••••• | 473 147 | 438 440 |
| Employer grant and project expenses | 6 | 373 157 | 345 024 |
| Administration expenses | 7 | 99 990 | 93 416 |
| Net surplus for the year | 2 | 98 840 | 95 861 |

Statement of Financial Position

as at 31 March 2017

| | | 2016/17 | 2015/16 |
|--|----------------|---------|---------|
| | Note | R'000 | R'000 |
| ASSETS | | | |
| Current assets | · - | 807 542 | 711 821 |
| Accounts receivable: Non-exchange transactions | 10.1 | 3 967 | 3 793 |
| Accounts receivable: Exchange transactions | 10.2 | 4 013 | 3 822 |
| Prepayments and advances | 9 | 1 138 | 1 192 |
| Inventories | 12 | 653 | 389 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 13 | 797 771 | 702 625 |
| Non-current assets | | 11 992 | 11 619 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 8.1 | 7 721 | 8 140 |
| Intangible assets | 8.2 | 4 271 | 3 479 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 819 534 | 723 440 |
| FUNDS AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| Current liabilities | ··· | 46 867 | 49 614 |
| Grants and transfers payable - Non exchange transactions | 14.1 | 35 350 | 39 606 |
| Trade and other payables - Exchange transactions | 15 | 6 440 | 8 073 |
| Levy exempt provision | 16 | 4 616 | 1 915 |
| NSF Funds received in Advance | 17 | 1 | 1 |
| Operating lease commitment | 26 | 460 | 19 |
| Funds and reserves | | 772 667 | 673 826 |
| Administration reserve | | 11 992 | 11 619 |
| Employer grant reserve | | - | - |
| Discretionary reserve | | 760 675 | 662 207 |
| TOTAL FUNDS AND LIABILITIES | | 819 534 | 723 440 |



| | | inistration eserve | Employer grant reserve | Discretionary reserve | Unappropriated surplus | Total |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------|
| | ı | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Balance at 31 March 2015 | | 3 119 | - | 569 846 | - | 577 965 |
| Net surplus | 2 | | | | 95 861 | 95 861 |
| Allocation of unappropriated surplus | 27 | 166 | 35 358 | 33 337 | (95 861) | |
| Transfer from Employer reserves | | | (35 358) | 35 358 | | |
| Transfer to Discretionary reserves | (23 | 666) | | 23 666 | | |
| Balance at 31 March 2016 | 11 | 619 | - | 662 207 | - | 673 826 |
| Net surplus | 2 | | | | 98 840 | 98 840 |
| Allocation of unappropriated surplus | 29 | 125 | 37 432 | 32 283 | (98 840) | |
| Transfer from Employer reserves | | | (37 432) | 37 432 | | |
| Transfer to Discretionary reserves | (28 | 752) | | 28 752 | | |
| Balance at 31 March 2017 | 11 | 992 | | 760 675 | | 772 667 |

Cash Flow Statement

| | | 2016/17 | 2015/16 |
|--|------|-----------|-----------|
| | Note | R'000 | R'000 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Operating activities | | | |
| Cash receipts from stakeholders | | 520 196 | 496 901 |
| Levies, and penalties received | | 516 954 | 496 529 |
| Other cash receipts from stakeholders | | 3 242 | 372 |
| Cash paid to stakeholders, suppliers and employees | | (474 121) | (597 976) |
| Grants and project payments | | (375 658) | (338 861) |
| Transfer to the National Skills Fund | | - | = |
| Compensation of employees | | (60 608) | (53 683) |
| Payments to suppliers and other | | (37 855) | (205 432) |
| Cash generated from operations | 27 | 46 075 | (101 075) |
| Interest income | 4 | 51 791 | 37 400 |
| Net cash inflow / (outflow)from operating activities | | 97 866 | (63 675) |
| CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | 8.1 | (1 511) | (2 505) |
| Purchase of intangible assets | 8.2 | (1 253) | (3 396) |
| Disposal of property, plant and equipment | | 42 | 51 |
| Net cash (outflow) from investing activities | | (2 722) | (5 850) |
| Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | 95 144 | (69 525) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | | 702 625 | 772 150 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | 13 | 797 771 | 702 625 |
| | | | |



Statement of Comparison Between Budget and Actual Expenditure

| | | 2010 | 5/17 | | 2015/16 |
|--|--------------|---------|-----------------|------------|---------|
| | Reference to | R'000 | R'000 | | R'000 |
| | explanations | Actual | Approved budget | % Variance | Actual |
| Total Levy Income 80% | A | 400 230 | 455 667 | -12% | 410 404 |
| Levy - Mandatory | | 98 066 | 117 878 | -17% | 110 996 |
| Levy - Discretionary | | 243 156 | 281 773 | -14% | 238 217 |
| Levy - Administration | | 51 572 | 56 016 | -8% | 52 553 |
| Levy - Interest & Penalties | | 7 436 | - | 100% | 8 638 |
| Total Income - Government Dept | В | 116 724 | 71 852 | 62% | 86 125 |
| Total Investment Income | C | 51 791 | 39 644 | 31% | 37 400 |
| | _ | 568 745 | 567 163 | 0% | 533 929 |
| Skills Development Levies Grant refund | | 103 | | | 172 |
| Sundry income | D | 3 139 | | | 200 |
| Admin Expenditure | | 99 990 | 116 361 | -14% | 93 416 |
| Accommodation and Travelling | | 5 170 | 5 229 | -1% | 4 924 |
| Advertising and Promotions | | 1 119 | 1 381 | -19% | 1 100 |
| Audit - External | | 2 103 | 2 592 | -19% | 2 356 |
| Audit - Internal | | 1 625 | 2 668 | -39% | 1 696 |
| Forensic and special investigations | | 30 | 159 | -81% | - |
| Bank charges | | 75 | 71 | 6% | 70 |
| Branding | | 461 | 531 | -13% | 695 |
| Catering and Refreshments | | 258 | 284 | -9% | 267 |
| Cleaning | | 643 | 721 | -11% | 521 |
| Contracting fees | | 228 | - | 0% | 231 |
| Consulting Fees | | 10 | 393 | -97% | 140 |
| Courier & Postage | | 294 | 359 | -18% | 338 |
| Depreciation | | 2 357 | 2 500 | -6% | 2 227 |
| Audit Committee costs | | 192 | 236 | -19% | 125 |
| Governance Costs | E | 2 595 | 2 162 | 20% | 2 130 |
| nsurance Premiums | | 440 | 404 | 9% | 356 |
| mpairment | | - | 6 | -100% | 125 |
| Groceries | | 62 | 113 | -45% | 72 |
| Lease charges | | 50 | 162 | -69% | 96 |
| Legal fees | F | 776 | 630 | 23% | 593 |
| Memberships & Subscriptions | | 268 | 145 | 85% | 132 |
| Motor Vehicle expenses | | 41 | 103 | -60% | 52 |
| Office move | | - | 100 | -100% | - |
| Printing and Stationery | | 1 446 | 2 000 | -28% | 1 552 |
| Programme evaluations | | 402 | 425 | -5% | 305 |
| Quality Council for Trades and Occupations | | 2 036 | 2 036 | 0% | 1 214 |
| Research costs | G | 1 028 | 754 | 36% | 635 |
| Recruitment costs | Н | 634 | 424 | 50% | 397 |
| Rent Paid and storage | ** | 8 717 | 11 077 | -21% | 9 111 |

Statement of Comparison Between Budget and Actual Expenditure

for the year ended 31 March 2017

| | | 2016 | /17 | | 2015/16 |
|---|--------------|---------|-----------------|------------|---------|
| | Reference to | R'000 | R'000 | | R'000 |
| | explanations | Actual | Approved budget | % Variance | Actual |
| Repairs and Maintenance | | 26 | 115 | -77% | 115 |
| Salaries | | 60 608 | 69 809 | -13% | 53 683 |
| Security | | 164 | 200 | -18% | 189 |
| Social responsibility | | 87 | 100 | -13% | 49 |
| Software licences and support | | 1 971 | 2 202 | -10% | 2 077 |
| Staff, Board Training and bursaries | | 444 | 1 009 | -56% | 860 |
| Staff welfare and EAP | | 87 | 212 | -59% | 295 |
| Telephone and faxes | I | 1 302 | 1 000 | 30% | 1 127 |
| Management of fraud hotline | | 34 | 36 | -6% | 34 |
| nternational benchmarking and research | | - | 500 | 0% | |
| Nater and Electricity, rates and taxes | | 1 336 | 1 670 | -20% | 1 484 |
| Other consumables | | 231 | 250 | -8% | 513 |
| Workshops | | 640 | 1 593 | -60% | 1 530 |
| Mandatory Grants | K | 60 634 | 83 693 | -28% | 75 638 |
| Project Expenditure - Discretionary Funds | | 312 523 | 362 609 | -14% | 269 386 |
| otal grants | _ | 373 157 | 446 302 | | 345 024 |
| Surplus before capital expenditure | | 98 840 | 4 500 | | 95 861 |
| CAPEX | J | 2 764 | 4 500 | -39% | 5 901 |
| Surplus | | 96 076 | - | | 89 960 |

Commentary on material variances - 20% and R500 000 or more

- A Levy Income is under budget in the current year. The collection of levy income is not predictable. In the formulation of budget, a proposed collection is estimated based on factors available at the time of budgeting.
- B Collection of government levy income above budget for the year. This is mainly due to the increased collection from Departments in the current year.
- C Investment Income Interest income significantly exceeds budget as the assumptions on the budget was that less cash would be available for investments, which had its basis in the provisions of the Grant Regulations.
- D Sundry Income The HWSETA has written off R 1 957 254 of old accruals as they have now prescribed. Furthermore, the HWSETA had received R 1 080 030 in respect of refunds from discretionary projects that were paid in previous financial years (Impact Study of NSDS 2 : R 1 064 000)
- E Governance cost This cost has exceeded budget due to the increased number of governance meetings in the year, as well as a change to the structure of the fees to the Accounting Authorithy.
- F Legal Fees This cost is over budget due to the Thuto-Bophelo training & skills academy legal matter.
- G Research This cost is above budget due to unplanned research costs for Organising Frame for Occupations (OFO) and larger samples used for the tracer studies.
- ${\it H}$ Recruitment cost This cost is over budget due to staff turnover during the year.
- I Telephone costs This cost is over budget due to the setting up of new satelite offices.
- J CAPEX Capex is underspent in the current year due to the slow progress on the ERP Development.
- K Mandatory Grant expenditure The budget provision was based on a 71% participation (actual participation is 62% in 2016-2017), and estimated SDL levy revenue (actual was lower than budgetd). This resulted in the actual expense being significantly below budget.



Notes to Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2017

Accounting policies to the Annual Financial Statements

Basis of preparation

The principle accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below and are, in all material respects, consistent with those of the previous year, except as otherwise indicated.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the effective Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practices (GRAP) including any interpretations, guidelines and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board, and the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA), 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999), and on the going concern basis. The HWSETA is a Public Entity listed in schedule 3A to the PFMA. The HWSETA obtains its mandate from the Skills Development Act and provides this service to its sectors of Health and Social Development in South Africa

The Annual Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis.

Going Concern assumption

These annual financial statements have been prepared based on the expectation that the entity will continue to operate as a going concern for at least the next 12 months.

New Accounting Pronouncements

The HWSETA has not applied the following standards and interpretations, as the effective dates have not yet been gazetted by the Minister:

GRAP 20 - Related Party Disclosures

GRAP 32 - Service session arrangements: Grantor

GRAP 108 - Statutory Receivables

IGRAP17 – Service concession arrangements where a grantor controls a significant residual interest in an asset

IPSAS 20 on Related Party Disclosures have been applied to these financial statements.

1.1 Currency

These financial statements are presented in South African Rands since that is the currency in which the majority of the entity transactions are denominated. All amounts are rounded to the nearest one thousand, unless otherwise stated.

1.2 Revenue recognition

Exchange revenue

Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Non-exchange transactions

Revenue from non-exchange transactions are recognised in accordance with GRAP 23 using the 'assets and liabilities" approach. Non-exchange revenue transactions result in resources being received by the HWSETA, usually in accordance with a binding arrangement. When the HWSETA receives resources as a result of a non-exchange transaction, it recognises an asset and revenue in the period that the arrangement becomes binding and when it is probable that the HWSETA will receive economic benefits or service potential and it can make a reliable measure of the resources transferred.

When the resources transferred to the HWSETA are subject to the fulfilment of specific conditions, it recognises an asset and a corresponding liability. As and when the conditions are fulfilled, the liability is reduced and the revenue is recognised. The asset and the corresponding revenue are measured on the basis of the fair value of the asset on initial recognition.

Non-exchange transactions include the receipt of levy income, penalties and interest on such income levied by the SARS, received by the HWSETA from the Department of Higher Education and Training. This income category also includes the receipt of levy income from Government Departments of Health and Social Development.

1.2.1 Levy income

In terms of section 3(1) and 3(4) of the Skills Development Levies Act, 1999 (Act No. 9 of 1999), registered member companies of the HWSETA pay a skills development levy of 1% of the total payroll cost to the South African Revenue Services (SARS) who collects the levies on behalf of the Department of Higher Education and Training. Companies with an annual payroll cost of less than R500 000 are exempted in accordance with section 4(b) of the Levies Act as amended, effective 1 August 2005.

Eighty percent (80%) of skills development levies are paid to the HWSETA (net of the twenty percent contribution to the National Skills Fund) as a direct charge against the National Revenue Fund.

A net receivable / payable is recognised for SARS adjustments. An estimate as a result of retrospective adjustments by SARS due at year-end is based on historical trends and actual data where these amounts are available subsequent to year end. Changes to prior year estimates are accounted for in revenue in the current period.

The HWSETA refunds amounts to employers in the form of grants based on information from SARS. Where SARS retrospectively amends the information on levies collected, it may result in grants that have been paid to certain employers that are in excess of the amount the HWSETA is permitted to have granted to employers. A receivable relating to the overpayment to the employer in earlier periods is raised at the amount of such grant over-payment, net of bad debts and provision for irrecoverable amounts.

Revenue is adjusted for inter-SETA transfers due to employers changing SETAs. Such adjustments are separately disclosed as Inter-SETA transfers. The amount of the inter-SETA adjustment is calculated according to the Standard Operating Procedure issued by the Department of Higher Education and Training issued June 2001.

Exempted employers

An employer who is liable to pay the levy is exempted, if during any month, there are reasonable grounds for believing that the total remuneration (as determined in accordance with the Act) paid or payable by that employer to all its employees during the following 12month period will not exceed R500 000. The HWSETA recognises a payable in respect of SDL levy refunds due to Levy exempt employers. This payable is a provision based on levies received from possible levy exempt entities.

When a new employer is transferred to the HWSETA, the levies transferred by the former SETA are recognised as revenue and allocated to the respective category to maintain its original identity.

Interest and penalties

Interest and penalties on the skills development levy is recognised when it is received. This is recognised as non-exchange transactions.

Investment income

Interest income from investments including fixed deposits and cash held in current accounts, is accrued on a time proportion basis, taking into account the principle outstanding and the effective interest rate over the period to maturity.

1.2.2 Government levy income

In accordance with the Cabinet Circular of 2012, Government Departments pay 30% of 1% of their annual payroll budget to a SETA effective 01 April 2013. The 30% received by the HWSETA is utilised as follows:

10% Administration costs of the SETA

20% Discretionary grants and projects.

1.2.3 Government grants and other donor income

Funds transferred by the National Skills Fund (NSF) are accounted for in the financial statements of the HWSETA as a liability until the related eligible special project expenses are incurred, when the liability is utilised the revenue is recognised as income in the statement of financial performance.

Property, plant and equipment acquired because of government projects are capitalised in the financial statements of the HWSETA, as the HWSETA controls such assets for the duration of the project. Such assets are disposed of in terms of agreement with the donor.

Conditional government grants and other conditional donor funding received are recorded as deferred income when they become receivable and are then recognised as income on a systematic basis over the period necessary to match the grants with the related costs which they are intended to compensate.

Unconditional grants received are recognised when the amounts have been received.

1.2.4 Levy exempt income.

Levy exempt income is monies received from employers who are exempt from paying SDL levies. As per the Skills Development Circular 09/2013, the HWSETA transfers all monies received from levy exempt employers to discretionary grant income after the expiry date of five years from date of receipt of the funds, if not refunded to the respective employer through the SARS system.



A registered employer company or organisation may recover a maximum of 69.5% of its total levy payment by complying with the grant criteria in accordance with the Skills Development Regulations issued in terms of the Skills Development Act 1999 (Act No 9 of 1999). A refund of 20% would be for participation in mandatory grants, and 49.5% for participation in discretionary grants.

Mandatory grants

The grant payable and the related expenditure are recognised when the employer has submitted an application for a grant in the prescribed form within the agreed upon cut-off period and the application has been approved as the payment then becomes probable. The grant is equivalent to 20% of the total levies paid by the employer during the corresponding financial period for the skills planning grant and skills implementation grant.

Discretionary grants and project expenditure

The HWSETA may, out of any surplus monies, determine and allocate discretionary grants to employers, education and training providers and workers of the employers who have submitted an application for discretionary grant funding in the prescribed form within the agreed upon cut-off period. The discretionary grant payable and the related expenditure are recognised when the application has been approved and the conditions are met.

Project expenditure comprises:

- · costs that relate directly to the specific project;
- costs that are attributable to contract activity in general and can be allocated to the project; and
- such other costs as are specifically chargeable to the SETA under the terms of the contract.

Such costs are allocated using methods that are systematic and rational and are applied consistently to all costs having similar characteristics.

Discretionary grants and project costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred. A receivable is recognised net of a provision for irrecoverable amounts for incentive and other payments made to the extent of expenses not yet incurred in terms of the contract.

Grant payments and projects

A provision is recognised for grant payments once the specific criteria set out in the regulations to the Skills development Act, 97 of 1998 have been complied with by member companies and it is probable that the HWSETA will approve the payment. The measurement of the obligation involves an estimate, based on the established pattern of past practice of approval for each type of grant.

No provision is made for projects approved at year-end, unless the service in terms of the contract has been delivered or the contract is of an onerous nature. Where a project has been approved, but has not been accrued for, or provided for, it is disclosed as commitments in the notes to the financial statements.

1.4 Employee benefits

Salaries and wages

Salaries and wages are recognised on an undiscounted basis as expenditure in the statement of financial performance.

Leave

The HWSETA recognised a liability and an expense for accumulating leave as and when employees render services that entitle them to leave days. The amount of the liability and expense is determined as the additional amount payable as a result of the unused leave days owing to employees at the end of the period.

Performance bonuses

A liability and an expense are recognised for performance bonuses when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount to be paid as performance bonuses. A reliable estimate can only be made when performance assessments have been completed in terms of the Performance policy and the bonus value has been approved. This process starts and is completed after year-end.

Post- retirement benefits

The HWSETA provides a defined contribution plan as post retirement benefits to its employees.

The HWSETA recognises a liability for any contributions owing to the fund at the end of the period and recognises the amount of contributions that were paid or due to the plan during the reporting period as an expense.

1.5 Commitments

Commitments are disclosed in the notes to the annual financial statements and are not raised as liabilities. It is here that the HWSETA has, in the normal course of its operations, entered into a contractual agreement with entities related to project expenses or capital expenditure, or where there is a conditional letter of approval of funds. Commitments are measured at the amount that the entity would rationally pay to settle the obligation or to transfer it to a third party at the reporting date.

1.6 Irregular and fruitless and wasteful expenditure

Irregular expenditure means expenditure incurred in contravention of, or not in accordance with, a requirement of any applicable legislation, including:

- The PFMA of 1999,
- The Skills Development Act of 1998,

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure means expenditure that was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised.

All irregular and fruitless and wasteful expenditure is charged against the respective class of expenditure in the period in which they are incurred and disclosed in a note in the period that it is identified.

Where instances of possible fruitless and wasteful expenditure are identified, the incidence is investigated, and where appropriate, recovered from the party/parties responsible.

1.7 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment (owned and leased) are initially recognised at cost and subsequently at cost less accumulated depreciation and adjusted for any impairments. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method to write off the cost of each asset to estimated residual value over its estimated useful life as follows:

| *************************************** | ··•····· |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Computer equipment | 3 to 6 years |
| Motor Vehicles | 5 to 8 years |
| Office furniture and fittings | 10 to 20 years |
| Office equipment | 6 to 10 years |
| Leased assets | Depreciated over the lease period |

The useful lives and residual values are estimated on an annual basis at each year-end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Assets are reviewed regularly to assess whether there is any indication of impairment and where the carrying amounts of assets are greater than their recoverable service amounts, the assets are written down to these recoverable service amounts. The recoverable service amount is the greater of the fair value of the asset less costs to sell or the value in use. Depreciation and impairment losses are included in the surplus or deficit.

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is included in surplus or deficit when the item is derecognised. The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item.

Where the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is greater than its estimated recoverable service amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable service amount (i.e., impairment losses are recognised).

1.8 Intangible assets

Acquired computer software licences and computer application packages are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives.

| Computer software | 3 to 6 years |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Computer Software | over the period of the licence |
| Licences | |

The useful lives and residual values are estimated on an annual basis at each year-end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Intangible assets are reviewed regularly to assess whether there is any indication of impairment and where the carrying amounts of intangible assets are greater than their recoverable service amounts, these assets are written down to these recoverable service amounts. The recoverable service amount is the greater of the fair value of the intangible asset less costs to sell or the value in use. Amortisation and impairment losses are included in the statement of financial performance.

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an intangible asset item is included in surplus or deficit when the item is derecognised. The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an intangible asset item is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item.

Where the carrying amount of an intangible item is greater than its estimated recoverable service amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable service amount (i.e., impairment losses are recognised).

Costs associated with developing or maintaining computer software programmes are recognised as an expense when incurred. Costs that are directly associated with the production of identifiable and unique software products controlled by the HWSETA, and that will probably generate economic benefits exceeding costs beyond one year, are recognised as intangible assets. Amortisation of such costs will be amortised from the time of bringing the asset into use over the estimated life of the asset.



1.9 Inventories

Inventories are initially measured at cost.

Inventories are subsequently measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost. Cost is determined on the first in first out (FIFO) basis. Current replacement cost is the cost that the entity would incur to acquire the asset on the reporting date. The HWSETA holds inventory for consumption in the production process of goods to be distributed at no charge.

1.10 Leasing

Finance leases are leases that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee. Legal title may or may not eventually be transferred. An operating lease is a lease other than a finance lease.

The HWSETA as a lessee

In respect of an operating lease, periodic payments are made to the lessor in return for the use of the asset. These periodic payments are recognised in equal instalments (the straight-line basis) as an expense over the period of the lease, and not based on actual cash payments.

1.11 Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when the HWSETA has a possible obligation that will probably result in an outflow of economic benefits depending on occurrence or non-occurrence of a future event.

Disclosed amounts in respect of contingent liabilities are measured on the basis of the best estimate, using experience of similar transactions or reports from independent experts.

1.12 Impairment of assets

Impairment is the loss in the future economic benefits or service potential of an asset over and above the systematic recognition of the loss through depreciation or amortisation. All HWSETA assets are non-cash generating.

Property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are annually assessed, by considering internal and external factors where there is an indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the recoverable service amount of the asset is estimated at the higher of fair value less cost to sell and its value in use.

The assets value in use is determined using one of three approaches, depreciated replacement cost, restoration cost or service units. The approach selected will be determined by the availability of the data and the nature of the impairment.

An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable service amount.

A previously recognised impairment loss is only reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount; however, not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation and amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised in previous years.

Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

1.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the HWSETA has a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that this will result in an outflow of economic benefits or service potential that can be estimated reliably.

1.14 Financial instruments

Initial Recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the HWSETA statement of financial position when the HWSETA becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are initially recognised using trade date accounting.

Initial Measurement

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset or a financial liability not subsequently measured at fair value, transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or liability.

Financial Assets

The HWSETA's principle financial assets are cash and cash equivalents, loans and advances and other receivables.

Accounts and other receivables

Accounts and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of Accounts receivable is established when there is objective evidence that the HWSETA will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the receivables carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The movement in the provision is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, investments and deposits held by HWSETA with the Corporation for Public Deposits (CPD) and domestic banks. Cash and cash equivalents are measured at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities

The HWSETA principle financial liabilities are accounts and other payables.

All financial liabilities are measured initially at fair value and include transaction costs where appropriate. After initial recognition all financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Derecognition

A financial asset or a portion thereof is derecognised when the HWSETA realises the contractual rights to the benefits specified in the contract, the rights expire, and the HWSETA surrenders those rights or otherwise loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial asset. On derecognising, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the sum of the proceeds receivable and any prior adjustment to reflect the fair value of the asset that had been reported in equity is included in net surplus or deficit for the period.

A financial liability or a part thereof is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. On derecognising, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability, including related unamortised costs, and the amount paid for it is included in net surplus or deficit for the period.

Fair value considerations

The fair values at which financial instruments are carried at the balance sheet date have been determined using available market values. Where market values are not available, fair values will be calculated by discounting expected future cash flows at prevailing interest rates where material.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset if there is any intention to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously and a legally enforceable right to set off exists.

1.15 Reserves

Net assets are sub-classified in the Statement of Financial Position between the following funds and reserves:

Administration reserve

This is the reserve maintained for the operational and running costs of the HWSETA.

Employer grant reserve

This is the reserve maintained for the paying back to employers a percentage of the contributed levies after they satisfy the specific criteria set out in the Act.

Discretionary grant reserve

This is the reserve set out of surplus monies for use on special projects which the HWSETA deem suitable in fulfilling its objectives as set out in the Act.

Accumulated surplus / deficit

This is the reserve arising out of operations and is reallocated at the end of the year to the above reserves on the basis set out below

This sub-classification is made based on the restrictions placed on the distribution of monies received in accordance with the Regulations issued in terms of the Skills Development Act, 1998(Act No97 of 1998). Accrual basis of accounting is used to calculate the reserves and thus reserves are not an indication of the cash used or available at the end of the year.

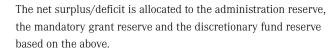
Member employer company levy payments are set aside in terms of the Skills Development Act and the regulations issued in terms of the Act, for the purpose of:

| | 2016/17 | 2015/16 |
|--|---------|---------|
| | % | % |
| Administration cost of the HWSETA | 10.5 | 10 |
| Employer grant fund levy | 20 | 50 |
| Discretionary grant and projects | 49.5 | 49.5 |
| Received by the HWSETA | 80 | 80 |
| Contribution to the National Skills Fund | 20 | 20 |
| | 100 | 100 |

In addition, contributions received from public service employers in the national or provincial spheres of government may be used to pay for its administration costs.

Interest and penalties received from SARS as well as interest received on investments are utilized for discretionary grants and projects. Other income received is utilised in accordance with the original source of the income.

The amount retained in the administration reserve equates to the net book value of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.



Surplus funds are moved to the discretionary fund reserve from the administration reserve on the HWSETA'S board approval (after prior written approval from National Treasury) and from the mandatory grant on fulfilment of the HWSETA's payment obligations.

1.16 Taxation

HWSETA is exempt from income tax in terms of section 10 of the Income Tax Act, 1962 (Act 58 of 1962).

1.17 Comparative amounts

Where necessary comparative amounts have been adjusted to conform to changes in the presentation. No comparatives were restated in the current year.

1.18 Presentation of Budget Information in the Financial Statements

The HWSETA presents a comparison of the budget amounts for which it is held publicly accountable and actual amounts as a separate financial statement in the Annual financial statements.

The comparison of budget and actual amounts are presented separately for each level of legislative oversight:

- · the approved and final budget amounts.
- · the actual amounts on a comparable basis and
- by way of note disclosure and explanations of material differences between the budget for which the entity is held publicly accountable and actual amounts.

The budget covers the period 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017 and has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

1.19 Related parties

An entity or individual is considered to be a related party to the HWSETA when the party has the ability to control the HWSETA or can exercise significant influence over the HWSETA in making financial and operating decisions, or if the party and the HWSETA are subject to common control.

1.20 Key accounting judgements

In the application of the HWSETA's accounting policies management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on past experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future period.

Non-exchange receivable

The calculation in respect of the impairment of non-exchange transactions is based on an assessment of the extent to which receivables have defaulted on payments already due, and an assessment of their ability to make payments based on their creditworthiness or other information available. This was performed across all classes of these receivables.

Property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets

The useful lives of assets are based on management's estimation. Management considers the impact of technology, condition of the asset, obsolescence, and service requirements to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate. The estimation of residual values of assets is also based on management's judgement whether the assets will be sold or used to the end of their useful lives, and in what condition they will be at that time.

The following values in the Annual Financial Statements have been judgementally derived:

- Depreciation of property, plant and equipment, and amortisation of intangible assets.
- Provision for doubtful debts from non-exchange transactions.
- · Provision for Levy Exempt employers

Levy exempt employers

A provision for levy exempt employers is made annually based on the identification of levy exempt employers based on information available from these entities, and the amount of contributions received from employers who have not been specifically identified as being levy exempt. The change in any estimate is also effected by prior scheme year levy reversals that occurred in the current year.

2 Allocation of net surplus for the year to reserves 2016/17

| | Total per Statement | | | |
|---|---------------------|----------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | of Financial | Administration | Employer Grant | Discretionary Grant |
| | Performance | Reserve | Reserve | Reserve |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Total revenue | 571 987 | 129 115 | 98 066 | 344 806 |
| Skills development levy: income | | | | |
| Admin levy income (10.5%) | 51 572 | 51 572 | - | - |
| Grant levy income (69.5%) | 341 222 | - | 98 066 | 243 156 |
| Government levy income | 116 724 | 75 381 | - | 41 343 |
| Skills development levy: penalties and interest | 7 436 | - | - | 7 436 |
| Investment income | 51 791 | - | - | 51 791 |
| Other income | 3 242 | 2 162 | - | 1 080 |
| Total expenses | (473 141) | (99 990) | (60 634) | (312 523) |
| Administration expenses | (99 990) | (99 990) | - | - |
| Employer grants and project expenses | (373 157) | - | (60 634) | (312 523) |
| Net surplus per the Statement of Financial | 98 840 | 29 125 | 37 432 | 32 283 |
| Performance allocated | 96 640 | 29 125 | 37 432 | 32 203 |

The amounts reflected on the note do not represent actual cash flows. Instead, these amounts were prepared on an accrual basis in line with Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP).

2 Allocation of net deficit for the year to reserves 2015/16

| | Total per Statement | | | |
|---|---------------------|----------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| | of Financial | Administration | Employer Grant | Discretionary Gran |
| | Performance | Reserve | Reserve | Reserve |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Total revenue | 534 301 | 120 582 | 110 996 | 302 723 |
| Skills development levy: income | - | | | |
| Admin levy income (10.5%) | 52 553 | 52 553 | - | - |
| Grant levy income (69.5%) | 349 213 | - | 110 996 | 238 217 |
| Government levy income | 86 125 | 67 657 | | 18 468 |
| Skills development levy: penalties and interest | 8 638 | - | - | 8 638 |
| Investment income | 37 400 | - | - | 37 400 |
| Other income | 372 | 372 | - | - |
| Total expenses | (438 440) | (93 416) | (75 638) | (269 386) |
| Administration expenses | (93 416) | (93 416) | - | - |
| Employer grants and project expenses | (345 024) | - | (75 638) | (269 386) |
| Net surplus per the Statement of | 95 861 | 27 166 | 35 358 | 33 337 |

The amounts reflected on the note do not represent actual cash flows. Instead, these amounts were prepared on an accrual basis in line with Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP).

3 Skills Development Levy Income, Penalties and Interest

| | 2016/17 | 2015/16 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| | R'000 | R'000 |
| Levy income: Administration | 126 953 | 120 210 |
| Levies received | 126 953 | 120 210 |
| Levies received from SARS | 51 572 | 52 746 |
| Government levies received | 75 381 | 67 657 |
| Interseta transfers in | - | - |
| Interseta transfers out | - | (193) |
| Levy income: Employer Grants | 98 066 | 110 996 |
| Levies received | 98 066 | 110 996 |
| Levies received from SARS | 98 066 | 111 365 |
| Interseta transfers in | - | - |
| Interseta transfers out | - | (369) |
| Levy income: Discretionary Grants | 291 935 | 265 323 |
| Levies received | 291 935 | 265 323 |
| Levies received from SARS | 243 165 | 239 126 |
| Government levies received | 41 343 | 18 468 |
| Transfer from Levy Exempt | - | - |
| Interest | 3 053 | 3 128 |
| Penalties | 4 383 | 5 510 |
| Interseta transfers in | 1 | 17 |
| Interseta transfers out | (10) | (926) |
| Total Skills Development Levy Income | 516 954 | 496 529 |

4 Interest Income

| | 2016/17 | 2015/16 |
|---|---------|---------|
| | R'000 | R'000 |
| Interest income from banking institutions | 51 791 | 37 400 |
| | 51 791 | 37 400 |

5 Other Income

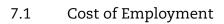
| | 2016/17 | 2015/16 |
|--|---------|---------|
| | R'000 | R'000 |
| Other income comprises: | | |
| Mandatory grants received from Services SETA | 103 | 172 |
| Release of prescribed payables | 1 980 | 14 |
| Discretionary grants refunds | 1 080 | - |
| Recovery from Legal claims | 50 | - |
| Other | 1 | - |
| Insurance proceeds | 28 | 186 |
| | 3 242 | 372 |

6 Employer Grant and Project Expenses

| | 2016/17 | 2015/16 |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|
| | R'000 | R'000 |
| Mandatory grants | 60 634 | 75 638 |
| Movement in provision | (2 501) | 6 163 |
| Disbursed | 63 135 | 69 475 |
| Discretionary grants | 312 523 | 269 386 |
| Disbursed | 312 523 | 269 386 |
| | 373 157 | 345 024 |

7 Administration Expenses

| | Note | 2016/17 R'000 | 2015/16 R'000 |
|--|------|------------------|------------------|
| Depreciation | 8.1 | 1 896 | 1 916 |
| Amortisation of Intangible assets | 8.2 | 461 | 311 |
| Operating lease | | 8 745 | 9 193 |
| Buildings | | 8 695 | 9 097 |
| Plant, machinery and equipment | | 50 | 96 |
| Maintenance, repairs and running costs | | 26 | 115 |
| Property and buildings | | 13 | 33 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 13 | 82 |
| Quality Council for Trades and Occupations (QCTO) | Ī | 2 036 | 1 214 |
| Research costs | | 1 028 | 635 |
| Advertising, marketing and promotions, communication | | 1 119 | 1 100 |
| Consultancy and service provider fees | | 238 | 371 |
| Legal fees | | 776 | 593 |
| Cost of employment | 7.1 | 60 608 | 53 683 |
| Travel and subsistence and accommodation | | 5 170 | 4 924 |
| Staff training and development | | 238 | 808 |
| Remuneration to members of the accounting authority | | 2 595 | 2 130 |
| Remuneration to members of the audit committee | | 192 | 125 |
| External auditor's remuneration | | 2 103 | 2 356 |
| Other | | 12 759 | 13 942 |
| Workshops | Г | 640 | 1 530 |
| Internal audit fees | | 1 625 | 1 696 |
| Forensic audit fees | | 30 | 1 070 |
| Special assignments | | 30 | _ |
| Courier and postage | | 294 | 338 |
| Telephone | | 1 302 | 1 127 |
| Programme evaluations - ETQA | | 402 | 305 |
| Doubtful debts provision | | - 402 | - |
| Management of Fraud hotline | | 34 | 34 |
| Printing and stationery | | 1 446 | 1 553 |
| Staff welfare | | 87 | 295 |
| Office cleaning | | 643 | 521 |
| Impairment loss | | - | 125 |
| Insurance | | 440 | 355 |
| Motor vehicle expenses | | 41 | 52 |
| Social responsibility | | 87 | 49 |
| Software support | | 1 971 | 2 077 |
| ^^ | | 22 | 14 |
| Storage | | | |
| Subscriptions Staff bursaries | | 268 206 | 132 52 |
| Security Security | | 164 | 189 |
| Water and electricity, rates and taxes | | 1 336 | 1 484 |
| Recruitment costs | | 634 | 1 484 397 |
| | | | |
| Bank charges Branding | | 75 461 | 70 695 |
| Other consumables | | 231 | 513 |
| Office move | | 231 | 313 |
| | | 250 | - 247 |
| Catering and refreshments | | 258 | 267 |
| Loss on disposal of asset Groceries | | - 62 | - 72 |
| 010001162 | | UZ | / / |
| | | 99 990 | 93 416 |



| | | 2016/17 | 2015/16 |
|---|------|---------|---------|
| | Note | R'000 | R'000 |
| Salaries and wages | | 52 308 | 46 412 |
| Basic salaries | | 46 444 | 41 793 |
| Severance pay | | - | 251 |
| Performance awards | | 3 277 | 2 734 |
| Temporary staff and interns | | 1 985 | 1 870 |
| Leave expense | | 602 | (128) |
| Social contributions | | 8 299 | 7 271 |
| Medical aid allowance | | 1 210 | 584 |
| Provident fund - additional benefits | | 1 129 | 1 036 |
| Provident fund contributions: defined contribution plan | | 4 973 | 4 739 |
| SDL Levies | | 538 | 452 |
| UIF | | 199 | 200 |
| Other salary related costs - cell phone allowances | L | 250 | 260 |
| | | 60 608 | 53 683 |
| Number of permanent employees at period end | | | |
| Permanent | | 111 | 99 |
| Temporary | | 1 | 2 |
| Internships | | 23 | 19 |

8.1 Property Plant and Equipment

| | | Accumulated depreciation/ | Closing carrying |
|-------------------------------|--------|---------------------------|------------------|
| | Cost | impairment | amount |
| ear ended 31 March 2017 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Computer equipment | 4 450 | (2 682) | 1 768 |
| Office furniture and fittings | 5 208 | (2 470) | 2 738 |
| Office equipment | 4 623 | (1 917) | 2 706 |
| Motor vehicles | 892 | (383) | 509 |
| Balance at end of period | 15 173 | (7 452) | 7 721 |
| Made up as follows: | | | |
| - Owned assets | 15 173 | (7 452) | 7 721 |

| | | A 1.1.1.1 | |
|-------------------------------|--------|---------------------------|------------------|
| | | Accumulated depreciation/ | Closing carrying |
| | Cost | impairment | amount |
| Year ended 31 March 2016 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Computer equipment | 4 466 | (2 230) | 2 237 |
| Office furniture and fittings | 4 530 | (2 186) | 2 343 |
| Office equipment | 4 422 | (1 493) | 2 929 |
| Motor vehicles | 892 | (261) | 631 |
| Balance at end of period | 14 310 | (6 170) | 8 140 |
| Made up as follows: | | | |
| - Owned assets | 14 310 | (6 170) | 8 140 |

8.1 Property Plant and Equipment (continued)

Movement Summary 31 March 2017

| | Carrying amount 2016 R'000 | Additions R'000 | bisposals R'000 | Depreciation Charge/ Impairment Loss R'000 | Carrying amount 2017 R'000 |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Computer equipment | 2 237 | 609 | (34) | (1 043) | 1 769 |
| Office furniture and fittings | 2 343 | 678 | - | (285) | 2 736 |
| Office equipment | 2 929 | 224 | - | (446) | 2 707 |
| Motor vehicles | 631 | - | - | (122) | 509 |
| Balance at end of year | 8 140 | 1 511 | (34) | (1 896) | 7 721 |

^{*} Disposal: Computer equipment with a cost of R549 798 and zero carrying value has been identified for disposal in early 2017/18 financial year. In addition, furniture and fittings with a cost of R625 109 that has reached the end of their useful life have also been identified for disposal. During the year items of computer equipment with a carrying value of R33 250 was lost through theft. R41 767 was recovered from the insurers.

Movement Summary 31 March 2016

| | Carrying amount | Carrying amount | | | Carrying amount | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------------|--|
| | 2015 | Additions | Disposals | Depreciation Charge | 2016 | |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | |
| Computer equipment | 1 921 | 1 194 | (49) | (829) | 2 237 | |
| Office furniture and fittings | 2 571 | 395 | - | (623) | 2 343 | |
| Office equipment | 2 521 | 906 | - | (498) | 2 929 | |
| Motor vehicles | 712 | 10 | - | (91) | 631 | |
| Balance at end of year | 7 725 | 2 505 | (49) | (2 041) | 8 140 | |

^{*} Disposal: Computer equipment with a cost of R548 869 and zero carrying value has been identified for disposal in early 2016/17 financial year.

In addition, office equipment with a cost of R23 125 that has reached the end of their useful life have also been identified for disposal. During the year items of computer equipment with a carrying value of R49 000 was lost through theft. R63 000 was recovered from the insurers.

8.2 Intangible Assets

| | Cost | Accumulated amortization/ impairment | Closing carrying amount |
|--|-------|---|----------------------------|
| ear ended 31 March 2017 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Computer software | 2 011 | (1 025) | 986 |
| Computer software - Work in progress - ERP Development | 3 285 | - | 3 285 |
| Balance at end of year | 5 296 | (1 025) | 4 271 |
| Made up as follows: | | | |
| Owned assets | 5 296 | (1 025) | 4 271 |

| | | Accumulated amortization/ | Closing carrying |
|--|-------|---------------------------|------------------|
| | Cost | impairment | amount |
| Year ended 31 March 2016 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Computer software | 1 752 | (802) | 950 |
| Computer software - Work in progress - ERP Development | 2 529 | - | 2 529 |
| Balance at end of year | 4 281 | (802) | 3 479 |
| Made up as follows: | | | |
| Owned assets | 4 281 | (802) | 3 479 |



8.2 Intangible Assets (continued)

Movement Summary March 2017

| | Carrying amount | | | | Carrying amount |
|--|-----------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------|-----------------|
| | 2016 | Additions | Disposals | Amortization Charge | 2017 |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Computer software - Purchased | 950 | 496 | - | | 1 446 |
| Computer software - Work in progress - ERP Development | 2 529 | 757 | - | (461) | 2 825 |
| Balance at end of year | 3 479 | 1 253 | - | (461) | 4 271 |

Movement Summary March 2016

| | Carrying amount 2015 R'000 | Additions R'000 | Disposals R'000 | Amortization Charge R'000 | Carrying amount 2016 R'000 |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Computer software - Purchased | 394 | 867 | - | (311) | 950 |
| Computer software - Work in progress - ERP Development | - | 2 529 | - | - | 2 529 |
| Balance at end of year | 394 | 3 396 | - | (311) | 3 479 |

9 Prepayments and Advances

| | 2016/17 R'000 | 2015/16 R'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Insurance | 297 | 265 |
| Office rental in advance | 718 | 656 |
| Subscriptions and other supplier deposits | 123 | 271 |
| Closing balance | 1 138 | 1 192 |

10.1 Account Receivables: Non Exchange Transactions

| | | 2016/17 | 2015/16 | |
|---|------|---------|---------|--|
| | Note | R'000 | R'000 | |
| Interseta debtors | 25 | 18 | 17 | |
| Government Departmental levy income | | - | 2 329 | |
| SARS levy reversals - Employer mandatory grant overpaid | 11 | 4 431 | 2 473 | |
| Provision for doubtful debts | | (482) | (1 026) | |
| | | 3 967 | 3 793 | |

10.2 Account Receivables: Exchange Transactions

| | 2016/17 | 2015/16 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| | R'000 | R'000 |
| Interest receivable on cash balances | 1 760 | 1 301 |
| Net Receivables | 41 | 443 |
| Other receivables | 140 | 592 |
| Less: Provision for bad debts | (99) | (149) |
| Staff receivables - salary advances | 106 | 143 |
| Office rental deposits | 1 159 | 1 040 |
| Staff study assistance/bursaries | 947 | 895 |
| | 4 013 | 3 822 |

11 Employer Overpaid

| Included in Skills Development Levy debtors is: | 2016/17 R'000 | 2015/16 R'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| SARS receivable/(payable) | | |
| Opening carrying amount | 2 473 | 12 113 |
| Net effect of SARS Adjustments on levies for the current year | 1 958 | (9 640) |
| Closing carrying amount | 4 431 | 2 473 |

12 Inventories

| | 2016/17 R'000 | 2015/16 R'000 |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|
| Consumables | 653 | 389 |

There are no consumables held at current replacement cost Inventory is recognised at the lower of cost and net realisible value on the first in first out basis.

13 Cash and Cash Equivalents

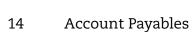
| | 2016/17 R'000 | 2015/16 R'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Cash - Bank deposits | 196 342 | 140 537 |
| Cash - Corporation for Public Deposits | 394 114 | 366 234 |
| Cash - Investments in term deposits | 207 301 | 195 839 |
| Cash on hand | 14 | 15 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | 797 771 | 702 625 |

As required in Treasury Regulation 31.2, National Treasury approved the banks where the bank accounts are held.

Cash includes cash on hand and cash with banks. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are held with registered banking institutions with maturities of three months or less and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change.

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held on call with banks, and investments in money market instruments.

As the HWSETA was no longer exempted by the National Treasury from the requirement of Treasury Regulation 31.3 to invest surplus funds with the Corporation for Public Deposits (CPD), surplus funds were invested in institutions that have been approved by the National Treasury including the CPD.



14.1 Grants and Transfers Payable Non Exchange Transactions

| | Note | 2016/17 R'000 | 2015/16 R'000 |
|---|------|------------------|------------------|
| Grants payable | | 35 077 | 36 591 |
| SARS levy reversals - Employer mandatory grants underpaid | | 249 | 3 001 |
| Interseta Payables | 25 | 24 | 14 |
| | | 35 350 | 39 606 |

15 Trade and Other Payables: Exchange Transactions

| | 2016/17 R'000 | 2015/16 R'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Trade creditors | 4 532 | 6 485 |
| Staff leave accrual | 1 775 | 1 476 |
| SARS - PAYE/UIF and third party payables | 132 | 112 |
| | 6 439 | 8 073 |

The staff leave accrual is calculated by apportioning the annual salary to a daily cost which is then multiplied by the number of leave days accumulated at year-end by an employee.

16 Levy Exempt Provision

| | 2016/17 R'000 | 2015/16 R'000 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Opening balance | 1 915 | 795 |
| Transferred to discretionary income | - | - |
| Additional provision created | 2 701 | 1 120 |
| Closing balance | 4 616 | 1 915 |

This balance relates to levy-Exempt employers contributing levies to the HWSETA. Unclaimed funds received more than 5 years ago have been transferred to discretionary income as per the Skills Development Levies Act.

17 Deferred Government Grants and Donor Funding

17.1 National Skills Fund (NSF) Advance Receipts

| | 2016/17 R'000 | 2015/16 R'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Opening balance | (1) | (1) |
| Received during the year/ (paid during the year) | - | - |
| Deposits current (NSF) | - | - |
| | (1) | (1) |
| Less Utilised and recognised as income or against accrual as conditions met | - | - |
| Learners allowance | - | - |
| Training provider | - | - |
| Learners uniform | - | - |
| Net payable/(receivable) | (1) | (1) |
| M. J of Share | (4) | (1) |
| Made up as follows: | (1) | (1) |
| Receivable | - | - |
| Payable | (1) | (1) |

Note that in the current and prior year there were no NSF projects.

18 Contingencies

- In terms of the PFMA, all surplus funds as at year-end may be forfeited to National Treasury. Formal approval was obtained from the National Treasury to retain the surplus funds of 2015/16 on 14 July 2016. Formal approval was sent to the National Treasury on 31 May 2017 to apply to retain surplus funds for 2016/17, National Treasury approved this application on 26 July 2017.
- A letter of demand was received from attorneys after year end 2008-09, acting on behalf of a consulting firm demanding R823 267 from the HWSETA. This was for a contract that was not awarded to them. There is no indication that this demand will succeed in favour of the plaintiff. The plaintiff, Le-Rong has on two occasions removed the matter from the court roll after being set down for trial. Currently the matter is pending. Total possible further cost amounts to R250 000.
- 18.3 There are currently criminal cases pending against training providers for conducting training outside their scope of accreditation, while others have conducted training without the necessary accreditation. The cases were opened in 2013 and 2014 years. There is one case against a service provider see note 21.
- 18.4 Currently there are two cases in the CCMA relating to an employee and an ex-employee. These cases are being defended and the prospects of success are probable.

19 Commitments

19.1 Discretionary Reserves

| | NSDS Objectives and Indicators | Opening Commitment 2016/17 R'000 | Approved by Accounting Authority and committed 2016/17 R'000 | Current year Commitments released as no MoU at 31 March 2017 | Commitments released 2016-17 | Utilised- 2016/17 R'000 | Closing Commitment 2016/17 R'000 |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Adopt a school VET science- UP | Ad Hoc | 520 | | | | - | 520 |
| Durban U Tech Ad Hoc Cadavers | Ad Hoc | -25 | | | | - | -25 |
| Albertina Sis sulu Univ of Pretoria | Ad Hoc | 3 249 | | | | -2 734 | 515 |
| Northern Cape Education Trust Fund | Ad Hoc | 2 730 | | | | -2 633 | 98 |
| Fort Cox College of Agriculture and Forestry | Ad Hoc | 2 354 | | | 4 197 | -3 141 | 3 410 |
| Social Work Induction Standard | Ad Hoc | - | 3 000 | | | - | 3 000 |
| Umfolozi TVET - ECD 5 Diploma | Ad Hoc | - | 10 661 | | | - | 10 661 |
| QASA - PWD WE | Ad Hoc | - | 903 | | | - | 903 |
| Rural Health Advocacy Project | Ad Hoc | - | 450 | | | - | 450 |
| Northlink TVET - WE for unemployed | Ad Hoc | - | 4 354 | | | - | 4 354 |
| Special Funding | NSDS111 | 1 013 | | | -1 013 | - | 0 |
| Northern Cape Premiers Trust | P 2, I 1 | - | | | 5 893 | - | 5 893 |
| Eastern Cape Department of Health | P 2, I 1 | - | | | 1 752 | - | 1 752 |
| SME Funding | P 2, I 10 | 2 844 | 5 640 | | | -1 569 | 6 915 |
| Cape Mental Health - NGO support | P 2, I 11 | 793 | | | -3 | -790 | 0 |
| NGO support Eerslerus | P 2, I 11 | 240 | | | | - | 240 |
| International AIDS Conference | P 2, I 11 | 100 | | | | -100 | - |
| Other NGO initiatives | P 2, I 11 | 631 | | | | - | 631 |
| SDF for NGO's | P 2, I 11 | 4 | | | -4 | - | 0 |
| SDF Training for Labour | P 2, I 11 | 78 | | | -78 | - | -0 |
| Workers college | P 2, I 11 | - | 2 274 | | | - | 2 274 |
| Teaching aids for Veterinary | P 2, I 14 | 1 115 | | | -221 | -894 | 0 |
| ICD 10 Coding - WC Dept of Health - projects | P 2, I 14 | 1 842 | | | | -168 | 1 674 |
| Cooperatives for teaching Aids - UP | P 2, I 14 | 396 | | | | -265 | 131 |
| NDH - Ad hoc short learning prog for health managers | P 2, I 14 | - | 5 000 | -5 000 | | - | - |
| Partnership between Faculty of Agrocultural Colleges Partnerships | P 2, I 14 | 140 | | | | - | 140 |
| Public sector projects - Facilitation and Mentoring training for CDP's | P 2, I 14 | 2 297 | | | | -980 | 1 317 |
| NC Community Colledge AET | P 2, I 14 | 3 598 | | | | -153 | 3 445 |
| AdHoc - Dept of Rural Dev Animal Health Technicians | P 2, I 14 | - | 15 888 | | | -7 238 | 8 650 |
| Sefako Makgatho Health Sciences - Dentist chairs | P 2, I 14 | - | 3 815 | | | - | 3 815 |
| Durban University of Technology | P 2, I 14 | - | 325 | | | - | 325 |
| University fo Fort Hare - Executive Leadership | P 2, I 14 | - | 4 828 | | | - | 4 828 |
| Cape Mental Health Capacity building | P 2, I 14 | - | 1 420 | | | - | 1 420 |
| Pietermaritzburg Mental Health | P 2, I 14 | - | | | 270 | - | 270 |
| University of Cape Town | P 2, I 14 | - | | | 29 | - | 29 |
| TVET Lecturers Work experience | P 2, I 16 | 63 | | | -12 | -45 | 6 |
| WEG for TVET lecturers | P 2, I 16 | 11 | 150 | -10 | -1 | -79 | 72 |
| N- Level TVET colleges | P 2, I 17 | - | | | 7 871 | - | 7 871 |
| National certificate vocational | P 2, I 17 | 972 | | | | - | 972 |
| Learnerships | P 2, I 3 | 243 769 | 129 684 | -12 335 | -26 393 | -91 287 | 243 438 |
| Rural community project - ECD level 4 - | P 2, I 3 | 616 | | | | - | 616 |
| ECD - level 5 | P 2, I 3 | 600 | | | -330 | -270 | - |
| RPL project enrolled nursing | P 2, I 3 | -137 | | | | - | -137 |
| DEAFSA project -SAW learnerships | P 2, I 3 | 1 412 | | | | -624 | 787 |
| ECD NQF LEVEL 4 - NOTHERN CAPE RURAL | P 2, I 3 | 10 314 | | | | -7 828 | 2 486 |
| ECD - level 4 | P 2, I 3 | 7 471 | | | -493 | -3 126 | 3 852 |
| Pre-apprenticeship training 14-15 | P 2, I 4 | 3 555 | | | -3 535 | -20 | 0 |
| Artisan Training | P 2, I 4 | 27 050 | | | -1 249 | -11 421 | 14 381 |
| Artisan RPL - Ad Hoc funding | P 2, I 4 | 6 919 | | | -3 540 | -982 | 2 397 |
| Artisan Training 2015-2016 - SACCI | P 2, I 4 | 30 517 | | | | -8 499 | 22 018 |

19.1 Discretionary Reserves (continued)

| | NSDS Objectives and Indicators | Opening Commitment 2016/17 R'000 | Approved by Accounting Authority and committed 2016/17 R'000 | Current year Commitments released as no MoU at 31 March 2017 | Commitments released 2016-17 | Utilised- 2016/17 R'000 | Closing Commitment 2016/17 R'000 |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Artisan Training 2015-2016 - NW Department of Health | P 2, I 4 | 10 143 | K 000 | 31 Watch 2017 | 2010-17 | -193 | 9 951 |
| Artisan , SASCI | P 2, I 4 | - | | | 21 738 | _ | 21 738 |
| Artisans RPL DOH Limpopo | P 2, I 4 | - | | | 3 997 | _ | 3 997 |
| Artisans RPL Life Healthcare | P 2, I 4 | | | | 1 860 | | 1 860 |
| Artisans RPL Netcare | P 2, I 4 | | | | 625 | _ | 625 |
| TVET Learner Bursary | P 2, I 6 | 144 | | | 4 907 | -308 | 4 743 |
| Bursaries - NSFAS, Bour, Pop Studies | P 2, I 6 | 4 333 | | | -4 333 | - | -0 |
| Bursaries - NGOs TVET learners | P 2, I 6 | 1 292 | | | -960 | -187 | 145 |
| Bursary funding 14-15 - NSFAS | P 2, I 6 | 2 532 | | | -2 532 | - | -0 |
| Bursary funding 14-15 Bursary funding 14-15 | P 2, I 6 | 1 636 | | | 2 302 | -344 | 1 292 |
| | P 2, I 6 | 1 030 | 1 640 | | | -544 | 1 640 |
| Higher certificate in Disability practice - UCT | P 2, I 6 | | 1 000 | | | | 1 000 |
| Indigenous Knowledge Systems | | 4 227 | | 240 | 257 | 2 544 | |
| Bursaries-employed | P 2, I 6 | 4 237 | 7 646 | -369 | -357 | -2 566 10 122 | 8 591 |
| Bursaries Veterinary Students | P 2, I 6 | 30 000 | 44 730 | | -98 | -19 133 | 55 597 |
| Bursaries - Veterinary Students VET Research bursaries | P 2, I 6 | 1 300 | 1 349 | | -98 -1 300 | -1 842 | 710 |
| | P 2, I 6 | | | | -1 300 | 0.554 | 4 770 |
| Dept of Rural Dev Animal Health Technicians | P 2, I 6 | 4 324 | | | 4.5 | -2 551 | 1 773 |
| Ampath Motor Cycle Blood sample couriers | P 2, I 6 | 103 | | | -67 | -37 | -0 |
| N LEVEL TVET BURSARIES | P 2, I 6 | 7 406 | | | | -980 | 6 426 |
| WIL University of Tech | P 2, I 7 | 1 453 | | | -1 131 | -322 | -1 |
| WIL University Students | P 2, I 7 | 10 388 | 15 740 | -1 246 | -8 | -9 119 | 15 754 |
| WEG for TVET 2014-2015 | P 2, I 7 | 52 411 | 34 875 | -1 630 | -6 885 | -30 505 | 48 267 |
| Post Graduate WEG | P 2, I 7 | 258 | | | | - | 258 |
| Work Experience for PWD project - Dietrich Voigt | P 2, I 7 | - | 630 | | | - | 630 |
| Internships/WEG Utech and mid level graduates | P 2, I 7 | 30 045 | | | -6 642 | -21 220 | 2 183 |
| Internships for university Grad | P 2, I 7 | 28 370 | 28 500 | -660 | | -23 181 | 33 029 |
| WIL - Batchelor of Vet Science | P 2, I 7 | 2 363 | | | | -2 363 | - |
| Department of Social Development - Limpopo - Internships | P 2, I 7 | - | | | 11 520 | - | 11 520 |
| Gauteng Health - Internships | P 2, I 7 | - | | | 240 | - | 240 |
| WITS Drama for life Internships | P 2, I 7 | - | | | 516 | - | 516 |
| PWD internships | P 2, I 7 | 2 744 | | | | - | 2 744 |
| NHLS - Internships Ad Hoc | P 2, I 7 | 31 290 | | | | -15 846 | 15 444 |
| WITS Drama Therapy - Ad Hoc | P 2, I 7 | 264 | 258 | | | -264 | 258 |
| Skills Programmes | P 2, I 8 | 33 574 | 34 419 | -10 630 | | -8 901 | 48 462 |
| Co-Operative Funding - Alfred Nzo DA | P 2, I 9 | 2 472 | | | | -1 187 | 1 285 |
| Co-operative Funding 15-16 -FSSD | P 2, I 9 | 3 600 | | | -3 600 | - | - |
| SEDA - Cooperatives | P 2, I 9 | - | | | 3 494 | - | 3 494 |
| Annexure to APP 2014-2015 | P 2, I 1 and 3 | 37 704 | | | | -9 425 | 28 279 |
| AET | P 2, I 21 | 2 298 | | | -384 | -1 041 | 872 |
| Levy Exempt | P 2, I 22 | 4 478 | 5 018 | | 424 | -2 253 | 7 667 |
| Assessor/Moderator training | P 3, I 19 | 743 | 1 500 | | | -791 | 1 452 |
| Curriculum and learning/Review of qualifications | P 3, I 24 | 2 004 | | | | -683 | 1 321 |
| Qualifications development | P 3, I 24 | - | 8 000 | | | -2 640 | 5 360 |
| ETQA - Training of SDP's on RPL | P 3, I 25 | - | 5 796 | | | -4 057 | 1 739 |
| Research bursaries for post grad | Research - P 1 | 5 100 | | | | -2 022 | 3 078 |
| Research bursaries for post grad - employed -16-17 | Research - P 1 | - | 4 053 | | | - | 4 053 |
| Research bursaries for post grad - unemployed-16-17 | Research - P 1 | - | 3 625 | | | -3 721 | -96 |
| UWC Research grants | Research - P 1 | - | 775 | | | - | 775 |
| - | Ī | 677 359 | 387 946 | -31 880 | 4 164 | -312 523 | 725 066 |



19.1 Discretionery Reserves – continued

Approved but not yet contracted:

| | | 2016/17 R'000 | 2015/16 R'000 |
|---|---------|------------------|------------------|
| Social Work Induction Standard - SACSSP | NSDS111 | - | 3000 |
| Post Graduate bursaries | | - | 923 |
| | | - | 3 923 |

Total Discretionary Grants Committed (Contracted only)

| 2016/17 R'000 | 2015/16 R'000 |
|------------------|------------------|
| 725 066 | 677 359 |
| 95,32% | 102% |

The HWSETA has committed 96% of reserves in 2016-2017, however, the funding of such commitments flows between 1 to 3 years, and hence the HWSETA has sufficient funds to make good on all of its commitments. The Grant Regulations requires SETA's to commit at least 95% of its reserves each financial year.

19.2 Operating Commitments

| Approved and contracted: | 2016/17 R'000 | 2015/16 R'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Procurement of advertising, printing and stationery | 514 | 44 |
| Procurement of Furniture and fittings | 1 072 | 131 |
| Procurement of IT equipment | 56 | 11 |
| Development of IT software - ERP development | 6 751 | 7 507 |
| | 8 393 | 7 693 |
| Total Commitments: Discretionary and Operating | 733 460 | 685 052 |

20 Operating Leases

| | 2016/17 | 2015/16 |
|--|---------|---------|
| | R'000 | R'000 |
| At the balance sheet date, HWSETA has outstanding commitments | | |
| under non-cancellable operating lease which fall due as follows: | | |
| Not later than one year | 9 084 | 7 843 |
| Later than one year but not later than five years | 574 | 8 403 |
| Later than five years | - | - |
| | 9 658 | 16 246 |

Refer to note 26

20 Operating Leases (continued)

The operating leases relate to the following rental contracts entered into by the HWSETA:

| Office | Effective date | Termination date | Escalation rate |
|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Head Office - JHB | 01 April 2016 | 31 March 2018 | 7% |
| Northern Cape - Kimberley | 01 January 2016 | 31 March 2018 | 8% |
| KZN - Durban | 01 November 2015 | 31 March 2018 | 8% |
| Eastern Cape - East London | 01 April 2016 | 31 March 2018 | 8% |
| Western Cape - Cape Town | 01 April 2016 | 31 March 2018 | 8% |
| Gauteng - Midrand | 01 April 2016 | 31 March 2018 | 8% |
| North West -Mafikeng | 01 July 16 | 31 March 2018 | 10% |
| Mpumalanga - Nelspruit * | 01 March 17 | 31 March 2020 | 8% |
| Free State - Bloemfontein * | 01 January 17 | 31 March 2018 | 8% |
| Limpopo - Polokwane * | 01 April 2016 | 31 March 2018 | 8% |

^{*} New contracts

21 Material Losses Through Criminal Conduct, Irregular, Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure

The following material losses through criminal conduct, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure were incurred during the year ended 31 March 2017

| | 2016/17 R'000 | 2015/16 R'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Fruitless expenditure | - | 3 |
| 1. Interest charges on late payment of rental invoices The interest is mainly levied by Telkom. Due to the Post Office strikes the HWSETA did not receive invoices on time. This was beyond the control of the HWSETA. | - | 3 |
| Losses through criminal conduct | 99 | 149 |
| 2. Payment made for the purchase of microsoft licenses. The supplier failed to provide the licenses. This expense was a result of non-delivery by the supplier and intentional misrepresentation by the supplier. A criminal case has been opened with the SAPS. | 149 | 149 |
| Less Recovery | (50) | - |
| Total | 99 | 152 |

22 Events After Reporting Date

No events after reporting period identified.

23 Going Concern

The HWSETA is currently established until 31 March 2020. The Minister is currently consulting stakeholders on the SETA landscape beyond 31 March 2020. There are no known instances that would indicate doubt on the HWSETA's ability to continue as a going concern for the next two financial years.



24 Financial Instruments

In the course of the HWSETA's operations it is exposed to interest rate, credit, liquidity and market risk. The HWSETA has developed a comprehensive risk strategy in terms of TR 28.1 in order to monitor and control these risks. The risk management process relating to each of these risks is discussed under the headings below. Financial instruments have not been discounted as they will all be settled or recovered within 3 months. The effect of discounting was found and considered not to be material.

Interest rate risk

The HWSETA manages its interest risk by effectively investing surplus funds in term deposits and call accounts with different accredited financial institutions according to the HWSETA investment policy. Any movement in interest rates will affect interest income. Interest income is utilised for additional discretionary grants and therefore will not affect the operations of the HWSETA adversely. The HWSETA'S exposure to interest rate risk and the effective interest rates on financial instruments at balance sheet date are as follows:

| | Floati | ng rate | Non-interest bearing | Total |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | Amount R'000 | Effective interest rate | Amount R'000 | Amount R'000 |
| Year ended 28 March 2017 | | | | |
| Total financial assets | | | | |
| Cash | 797 771 | 6.44% | - | 797 771 |
| Accounts receivable | | | 4 013 | 4 013 |
| Total financial liabilities | | | (6 439) | (6 439) |
| | 797 771 | | (2 426) | 795 345 |
| Year ended 31 March 2016 | | | | |
| Total financial assets | | | | |
| Cash | 702 625 | 5.20% | - | 702 625 |
| Accounts receivable | | - | 3 822 | 3 822 |
| Total financial liabilities | | - | (8 073) | (8 073) |
| | 702 625 | · - | (4 251) | 698 374 |

Financial instruments consist of receivables, cash and cash equivalents and payables. All financial assets are categorised as receivables at amortised cost, and all financial liabilities as financial liabilities at amortised cost. The total carrying values of the various categories of financial assets and financial liabilities at the reporting date is as follows:

| | 2016/17 R'000 | 2015/16 R'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Financial assets at amortised cost | 801 784 | 706 447 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 797 771 | 702 625 |
| Receivables from exchange transactions | 4 013 | 3 822 |
| Financial liabilities at amortised cost | 6 439 | 8 073 |
| Payables from exchange transactions | 6 439 | 8 073 |

Credit risk

Financial assets, which potentially subject the HWSETA to the risk of non-performance by counter parties and thereby subject to credit concentrations of credit risk, consist mainly of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable.

The HWSETA limits its treasury counter-party exposure by only dealing with well-established financial institutions approved by National Treasury. Credit risk in respect of SARS is limited, as it is a government entity of sound reputation. Staff debts are recovered through the payroll.

Credit risk with respect to levy paying employers is limited due to the nature of the income received. The HWSETA does not have any material exposure to any individual or counter-party. The HWSETA's concentration of credit risk is limited to the industry in which it operates. No events occurred in the health and social development sector during the year that may have an impact on the accounts receivable that has not been adequately provided for. Accounts receivable are presented net of allowance for doubtful debts.

24 Financial Instruments (continued)

Credit ratings of HWSETA bankers:

| Financial institution | (Fitch ratings) Short term | (Fitch ratings) Long Term |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| First Rand Bank Ltd. | F3 | BBB- |
| Nedbank Ltd. | F3 | BBB- |
| Standard Bank | F3 | BBB- |
| Corporation for public deposits | N/a | N/a |

Short term ratings:

F3 - Obligations supported by adequate capacity for timely repayment relative to other obligators in the same country. Such capacity is more susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic or financial conditions than for obligations in higher categories.

Long term ratings:

BBB - Obligations for which capacity for timely repayment of principal and interest is adequate relative to other obligators in the same country. However adverse changes in business, economic or financial conditions are more likely to affect the capacity for timely repayment than for obligations in higher rated categories.

The ageing of receivables from exchange transactions:

| | 201 | 6/17 | 2015/16 | |
|---|-------|------------|---------|------------|
| | Gross | Impairment | Gross | Impairment |
| 0-30 days | 1 907 | | 1 870 | |
| 31-120 days | - | - | - | - |
| 120-365 days | - | - | - | - |
| Over a year (Rental deposits and Staff bursaries) | 2 106 | - | 1 952 | - |
| Carrying amount | 4 013 | - | 3 822 | - |

Liquidity risk

The HWSETA manages liquidity risk through proper management of working capital, capital expenditure and actual vs. forecasted cash flows. Adequate reserves and liquid resources are also maintained.

The ageing of payables from exchange transactions:

| | 2016/17 | | 2015/16 | |
|-----------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|
| | Gross | Impairment | Gross | Impairment |
| Not past due | | | | |
| 0-30 days | 5 830 | - | 8 073 | - |
| 31-120 days | 138 | - | - | _ |
| 120-365 days | 471 | - | - | - |
| Over a year | | - | - | - |
| Carrying amount | 6 439 | - | 8 073 | - |

Fair values

The HWSETA's financial instruments consist mainly of cash and cash equivalents, account and other receivables, and account and other payables. No financial instruments were carried at an amount in excess of its fair value. The following methods and assumptions are used to determine the fair value of each class of financial instrument:

Cash and cash equivalents

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value due to the relatively short-term maturity of these financial assets.

Accounts receivable

The carrying amount of accounts receivable, net of allowance for bad debt, approximates fair value due to the relatively short-term maturity of these financial assets.

25 Related Party Transactions

All balances and transactions below are at arms length and in the normal course of business. The disclosure is purely for information purposes only.

The Executive Authority of the HWSETA is the Department of Higher Education and Training (DHET). There were no transactions with the DHET.

Transactions with other SETAs, who are entities under common control. The HWSETA is a National Public Entity controlled by the DHET, it is considered to be related to other SETAs, the OCTO and NSF. The transactions are consistent with normal operating relationships between entities and are undertaken on terms and conditions that are normal for such transactions.

Interest transactions and balances arise due to the movement of employers from one SETA to another. No other transaction occurred during the year with other SETAs.

The balances at year - end included in the receivables and payables are:

| | | 6/17 000 | 2015/16 R'000 | | |
|---------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Related party | Transfers in/(out) during the year | Amount receivable/ (payable) | Transfers in/(out) during the year | Amount receivable/ (payable) | |
| Receivables | 1 | 18 | 17 | 17 | |
| Bank SETA | 1 | 18 | 17 | 17 | |
| | | | | | |
| Payables | (10) | (24) | (1 488) | (14) | |
| Merseta | - | (9) | (9) | (9) | |
| FP&M Seta | (5) | (5) | = | - | |
| nseta | (1) | (1) | = | - | |
| ETDP Seta | (1) | (1) | - | - | |
| CHIETA | (3) | (3) | - | - | |
| W&R Seta | - | - | (1 474) | - | |
| CETA | - | (5) | (5) | (5) | |
| Total | (9) | (6) | (1 471) | 3 | |

25 Related Party Transactions (continued)

| | 201 | 6/17 | 201 | 5/16 | 2016/17 | 2015/16 |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Total contributions received | Total contributions expected | Admin. Contributions received | Total Contributions expected | Discretionary Grants Paid | Discretionary Grants Paid |
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| National | | | | | | |
| Health | 2 808 | 6 664 | 2 438 | 6 228 | - | - |
| Social Development | 1 308 | 1 308 | 1 149 | 1 150 | - | 3 240 |
| Provincial | | | | | | |
| Western Cape | | | | | | |
| Health | 4 790 | 14 370 | 4 578 | 13 734 | 2 025 | 3 282 |
| Social Development | 2 044 | 2 044 | 1 797 | 1 797 | - | 404 |
| Eastern Cape | | | | | | |
| Health | 7 739 | 24 438 | 8 835 | 8 835 | 15 280 | 10 427 |
| Social Development | 2 861 | 2 861 | 2 419 | 2 419 | - | 4 379 |
| Gauteng | | | | | | |
| Health | 18 869 | 56 607 | 17 023 | 51 069 | 12 943 | 13 463 |
| Social Development | 3 814 | 3 814 | 3 627 | 3 627 | - | - |
| Free State | | | | | | |
| Health | 17 638 | 17 638 | 772 | 10 603 | 947 | 240 |
| Social Development | 1 577 | 1 589 | 386 | 1 545 | - | 756 |
| Northern Cape | | , -,- | , | | | |
| Health | 6 819 | 6 819 | 6 018 | 6 018 | 342 | 105 |
| Social Development | 983 | 983 | 883 | 883 | - | - |
| Mpumalanga | | | | | | |
| Health | - | 17 708 | - | 17 709 | - | - |
| Social Development | - | 1 477 | - | 1 380 | - | 894 |
| Limpopo | | | | | | |
| Health | - | 31 211 | 558 | 29 169 | 1 179 | 1 398 |
| Social Development | 1 886 | 1 886 | 1 766 | 2 171 | - | 9 852 |
| KwaZulu | | | | | | |
| Health | 19 842 | 59 526 | 18 863 | 56589 | 6 179 | 2 504 |
| Social Development | 3 511 | 3 511 | 3 350 | 3350 | - | 2 109 |
| North West | | | | | | |
| Health | 16 762 | 16 762 | 9 697 | 16 628 | 2 065 | 694 |
| Social Development | 2 200 | 2 200 | 1 966 | 2 002 | - | 2 440 |
| PSETA REFUND | 1 273 | - | | | | |
| | 116 724 | 273 415 | 86 125 | 236 906 | 40 960 | 56 187 |

Government Departments contribution of levies to the HWSETA is at 30%, since 1 April 2013, of their 1% training budget in line with a Cabinet Circular effective 1 April 2013. One third of the 30% received is allocated for the administration of the HWSETA, the remaining 20% is allocated for discretionary grant funding. In the 2016-2017 year, there were Departments that still failed to contribute the full 30% as required. Certain government departments have not yet submitted the annual payroll figures thus the expected value is not complete.

The departments highlighted above have paid less than the 30% required by the Cabinet Circular.



The lease of the office premises was smoothed over the lease term to equalise the future escalations in the lease payments. The smoothing for the year was as follows:

| | 2016/17 | 2015/16 |
|---|---------|---------|
| | R'000 | R'000 |
| Opening balance | 19 | 71 |
| Release of accruals during termination of lease contracts | (19) | (52) |
| Current year smoothing | 460 | - |
| Closing balance | 460 | 19 |

Refer also to note 20

27 Reconciliation of Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities to Net Surplus (Deficit)

| | 2016/17 | 2015/16 |
|---|----------|-----------|
| | R'000 | R'000 |
| Net surplus/(deficit) as per Statement of Financial Performance | 98 840 | 95 861 |
| Adjusted for non-cash items: | | |
| Profit on Disposal | (8) | - |
| Depreciation | 1 896 | 1 916 |
| Impairment loss | - | 125 |
| Amortisation | 461 | 311 |
| Investment income | (51 791) | (37 400) |
| Adjusted for working capital changes: | (3 323) | (161 888) |
| (Increase)/decrease in inventory | (264) | 307 |
| (Increase)/decrease in receivables | (311) | 20 379 |
| Decrease in smoothing lease | 441 | (52) |
| Increase/(decrease) in payables | (3 189) | (182 522) |
| Cash generated from operations | 46 075 | (101 075) |

28 Critical Accounting Judgement and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

In the application of HWSETA's accounting policy, management is required to make judgment, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised of the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both the current and future periods.

Key sources estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period.

1. Property, Plant and Equipment

The HWSETA reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and Equipment at the annual reporting period, refer to note 8 for the carrying values of property, plant and equipment. The following rates are used for depreciation of Property, Plants and Equipment:

Computer Equipment2 to 6 yearsComputer Software2 to 6 yearsOffice furniture and fittings10 to 20 yearsOffice equipment10 to 15 yearsMotor vehicles5 to 8 years

The HWSETA has reviewed the residual values used for the purpose of the depreciation calculation in the light of the amended definition of residual value. The review did not highlight any requirement for an adjustment to the residual values used in the current or prior periods. Residual values are reviewed annually.

2. Levy Exempt Payables

The HWSETA recognises a payable in respect of SDL levy refunds due to Levy exempt employers. This payable is a provision based on levies received from possible levy exempt entities. Refer to note 16.

29 New Accounting Pronouncements

The HWSETA has not applied the following standards and interpretations, as the effective dates have not yet been gazetted by the Minister:

| Standard/ Interpretation: | Effective date: | Impact |
|--|-------------------|---|
| GRAP 20: Related party disclosures | Not yet effective | The standard provides guidance on related party disclosures to ensure that an entity's financial statements contain the disclosure necessary to draw attention to the possibility that its financial position and surplus or deficit may have been impacted by the existence of connected parties and by transactions and outstanding balances with such parties. |
| GRAP 32: Service concession arrangements: Grantor | Not yet effective | The purpose is to prescribe the accounting for service concession arrangements by the Grantor. This standard will not affect the HWSETA's transactions. |
| GRAP 109: Accounting by Principals and Agents | Not yet effective | GRAP 109 outlines principles to assess whether an entity is party to a principal-agent arrangement. The standard does not have an effect on the HWSETA due to the nature of the mandate of the HWSETA. |
| GRAP108: Statutory Receivables | Not yet effective | The objective of this Standard is to prescribe accounting requirements for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of statutory receivables. Statutory receivables can arise from both exchange and non-exchange transactions. Where these receivables arise from exchange and non-exchange revenue transactions, an entity shall apply the recognition and initial measurement requirements of the Standards of GRAP on Revenue from Exchange Transactions and Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions (Taxes and Transfers), as well as the requirements of this Standard. The effect on the HWSETA is that statutory receivables are now an impairment loss as opposed to a provision if there is a write-down of this asset. |
| IGRAP 17: Service concession arrangements: where a Grantor controls a significant residual interest in an asset | Not yet effective | The purpose is to prescribe the accounting for service concession arrangements by the Grantor. This standard will have no effect on the HWSETA. |



The HWSETA has identified the core operations of the HWSETA as reportable segments based on services rendered. The Skills Development Division (SDP) co-ordinates and manages the discretionary grant and mandatory grant funding of the HWSETA, in order to facilitate the development of scarce and critical occupations. The ETQA Division acts as Education and Training Quality Assurance Bodies within various economic sectors to ensure quality education and training. The Research Information Monitoring and Evaluation (RIME) Division plays a pivotal role in managing knowledge generation, as well as packaging and presenting it in a way that influences policy and projects in the HWSETA. The HWSETA has centralised services offered in the provinces in South Africa, and these have been shown as a core segment.

It is difficult to attribute revenue to each of the above divisions, and hence only identifiable revenue relating to discretionary and mandatory grants expenditure has been shown under the segment SDP. The balance of revenue collected by the HWSETA is used collectively for the other three segments as well as support divisions, and hence is not disclosed. Total revenue is disclosed in the Statement of Financial Performance. Not all the administration expenses of the HWSETA are identifiable per these four segments disclosed, and hence only identifiable material expenses are disclosed in the segments. The balance of expenses is disclosed in note 7 to the annual financial statements.

The HWSETA assets and liabilities cannot be separated into the segments disclosed, and hence is not disclosed in the segment reporting. There is no reported surplus or deficit per segment as the operations of the HWSETA are not reported internally this way. The HWSETA has not disclosed geographical areas in segment reporting as this is not used for decision-making purposes and is also not reported internally.

| Segment Reporting | Skills Development Planning | Education, Training And Quality Assurance | Research, Information, Monitoring & Evaluation | Provincial Services | Total |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|------------------------|----------|
| SEGMENT REVENUE | | | | | |
| Skill development levy income | 348 303 | - | - | - | 348 303 |
| Government levy income | 41 343 | - | - | - | 41 343 |
| | 389 646 | - | - | - | 389 646 |
| SEGMENT EXPENSE | | | | | |
| Salaries and wages | 5 277 | 6 513 | 4 164 | 10 569 | 26 523 |
| Mandatory grant expenditure | 60 634 | - | - | - | 60 634 |
| Discretionary grant expenditure | 312 523 | - | - | - | 312 523 |
| QCTO contribution | - | 2 036 | - | - | 2 036 |
| Other expenses | 1 626 | 1 908 | 1 227 | 2 186 | 6 947 |
| | 380 060 | 10 457 | 5 391 | 12 755 | 408 663 |
| Surplus/(deficit) for the period | 9 586 | (10 457) | (5 391) | (12 755) | (19 017) |

Reconciliation to the statement of financial performance

| | Segmental reporting | Administrative / support services | Total | Note reference |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|----------------|
| | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | |
| Revenue | 389 646 | 127 308 | 516 954 | note 3 |
| Interest income | | 51 791 | 51 791 | note 4 |
| Other income | | 3 242 | 3 242 | note 4 |
| Expenses | 408 663 | 64 484 | 473 147 | |
| Salaries and wages | 26 523 | 34 085 | 60 608 | note 7 |
| Mandatory grant expenditure | 60 634 | - | 60 634 | note 6 |
| Discretionary grant expenditure | 312 523 | - | 312 523 | note 6 |
| Other expenses | 6 947 | 30 399 | 37 346 | note 7 |
| QCTO expenses | 2 036 | - | 2 036 | note 7 |
| _ | (19 017) | 117 857 | 98 840 | |

31 Board remuneration

| Financial year 2016/17 | | | Allowances | Travel Subsistence | |
|------------------------|----------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|
| Names | Designation | Total | Meeting & Prepreation fees | Reimbursement | Cell Phone |
| | | R | R | R | R |
| Dr E.T. Moloko | Chairperson | 324 055 | 319 545 | 4510 | 8 800 |
| Ms F. Fayers | Board/Exco Member | 197 866 | 176 671 | 12 395 | 6 600 |
| Mr R. Van Loggerenberg | Board/Exco Member | 7 348 | | 748 | 1 650 |
| Mr D. Shardlow | Board/Exco Member | 44 913 | 43 263 | | 1 650 |
| Mr H. Sekhitla | Board/Exco Member | 211 852 | 201 441 | 8 761 | 4 400 |
| Mr P. Motubatse | Board Member | 236 077 | 157 551 | 74 126 | |
| Mr C G Higgins | Ind. co-opted member | 33 289 | 32 195 | 1 094 | |
| Mr A. Seirlis | Board Member | 76 559 | 69 094 | 7 465 | |
| Ms E. Zondo | Board Member | 6 937 | 6 259 | 678 | |
| Ms E. Strachan | Board Member | 40 531 | 39 603 | 928 | |
| Ms I. Smith | Board Member | 27 837 | 26 206 | 1 631 | |
| Ms T. Ngcobo | Board Member | 37 434 | 35 207 | 2 227 | |
| Mr S Madikizela | Ind. Audit Comm | 19 695 | 19 412 | 283 | |
| Mr A Naude | Ind. co-opted member | 14 296 | 13 357 | 939 | |
| Ms TE Ntabeni | Board Member | 97 572 | 88 941 | 8 631 | |
| Dr N Ndzwayiba | Board Member | 91 587 | 87 391 | 4 196 | |
| Dr CC Nkuna | Board Member | 110 332 | 104 123 | 6 209 | |
| Mr DM Ndebele | Board Member | 97 466 | 94 978 | 2 488 | |
| Dr DS Bomela | Board Member | 133 679 | 132 170 | 1 509 | 4 950 |
| Ms M Nkambule | Board Member | 111 028 | 70 298 | 35 780 | |
| Mr KI Mokaila | Board Member | 79 687 | 64 279 | 15 408 | |
| Mr M Khanyeza | Board Member | 145 015 | 137 275 | 7 740 | |
| Dr AM Crichton | Board Member | 734 | | 734 | 28 050 |
| Total | | 2 216 000 | 1 919 259 | 198 480 | 39 600 |

Independent Audit Committee Member Remuneration

| Financial year 2016/17 | | | | Travel and |
|------------------------|-------------------------|---------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Names | Designation | Total | Meeting Attendance | Subsistence Allowances |
| | | R | R | R |
| Ms M Ramutsheli | Independent | 25 519 | 24 686 | 833 |
| Mr D Ndebele | Employer Representative | 6 858 | 6 858 | |
| Mr P Motubatse | Labour Representative | 32 608 | 20 136 | 12 472 |
| Mr S Madikizela | Independent (resigned) | 12 001 | 11 790 | 211 |
| Mr R Adam | Independent Chairperson | 115 014 | 71 774 | 43 240 |
| Total | | 192 000 | 135 244 | 56 756 |

Senior Management Remuneration

| Financial year 2016/17 | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|------------|---------|
| Names | Designation | Total | Basic | Travel | Cell Phone | Bonus |
| | | R | R | R | R | R |
| Ms YD Mbane (10 mths) | Chief Executive Officer (resigned) | 1 888 488 | 1 621 113 | 100 000 | 10 700 | 156 675 |
| Mrs E Brass (2 mths) | Acting Chief Executive Officer | 295 769 | 274 491 | 20 000 | 1 278 | - |
| Mrs E Brass (10 mths) | Chief Financial Officer | 1 402 382 | 1 170 388 | 100 000 | 6 213 | 125 781 |
| Mrs D Theaker (2 mths) | Acting Chief Financial Officer | 187 967 | 171 233 | 16 000 | 734 | - |
| Mr AK Pardesi | Executive - CS | 1 456 321 | 1 337 561 | - | 8 400 | 110 360 |
| Mr P Samuels | Executive - SDP | 1 401 782 | 1 215 224 | 72 000 | 8 351 | 106 207 |
| Mr SB Gcabashe | Executive - RIME | 1 395 079 | 1 167 224 | 120 000 | 1 648 | 106 207 |
| Ms BJ Motubatse | Executive - ETQA | 1 258 422 | 1 047 305 | 110 000 | 5 630 | 95 487 |
| Total | | 9 286 210 | 8 004 539 | 538 000 | 42 954 | 700 717 |

Board Remuneration

| Financial year 2015/16 | | | Allowances | S & T Allo | wances |
|------------------------|----------------------|-----------|--------------------|---------------|------------|
| Names | Designation | Total | Meeting Attendance | Reimbursement | Cell Phone |
| | | R | R | R | R |
| Dr E.T. Moloko | Chairperson | 348 789 | 330 129 | 5 460 | 13 200 |
| Ms F. Fayers | Board/Exco Member | 195 592 | 180 605 | 8 387 | 6 600 |
| Mr R. Van Loggerenberg | Board/Exco Member | 12 643 | - | 6 043 | 6 600 |
| Mr D. Shardlow | Board/Exco Member | 184 074 | 168 024 | 9 450 | 6 600 |
| Mr H. Sekhitla | Board/Exco Member | 200 710 | 185 822 | 8 288 | 6 600 |
| Mr P. Motubatse | Board Member | 145 807 | 110 568 | 35 239 | - |
| Mr C G Higgins | Board Member | 20 974 | 20 127 | 847 | - |
| Mr A. Seirlis | Board Member | 104 686 | 91 791 | 12 895 | - |
| Ms E. Zondo | Board Member | 19 107 | 17 615 | 1 492 | - |
| Ms E. Strachan | Board Member | 164 460 | 157 283 | 7 177 | - |
| Ms I. Smith | Board Member | 79 261 | 76 938 | 2 323 | - |
| Ms T. Ngcobo | Board Member | 158 047 | 139 522 | 18 525 | - |
| Ms K. Maluleke | Board Member | 31 463 | 30 881 | 582 | - |
| Mr A Naude | Ind. co-opted member | 11 941 | 11 009 | 932 | - |
| Total | | 1 677 554 | 1 520 314 | 117 640 | 39 600 |

NB: The above amounts are before taxation

Independent Audit Committee Member Remuneration

| Financial year 2015/10 | • | | | Travel and |
|------------------------|------------------|---------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Names | Designation | Total | Meeting Attendance | Subsistence Allowances |
| | | R | R | R |
| Ms E Strachan | Board Member | 4 932 | 4 932 | - |
| Mr D Shadlow | Board Member | 17 825 | 15 265 | 2 560 |
| Mr P Motubatse | Board Member | 29 295 | 25 768 | 3 527 |
| Mr S Madikizela | Ind. Member | 54 482 | 50 317 | 4 165 |
| Mr R Adam | Ind. Chairperson | 65 644 | 63 879 | 1 765 |
| Total | _ | 172 178 | 160 161 | 12 017 |

Senior Management Remuneration

| Financial year 2015/ | 16 | | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|------------|---------|
| Names | Designation | Total | Basic | Travel | Cell Phone | Bonus |
| | | R | R | R | R | R |
| Ms YD Mbane | Chief Executive Office | 1 902 687 | 1 626 486 | 120 000 | 13 541 | 142 660 |
| Mrs E Brass | Chief Financial Officer | 1 538 688 | 1 294 894 | 120 000 | 7 406 | 116 388 |
| Mr AK Pardesi | Executive - CS | 1 356 372 | 1 294 273 | - | 8 119 | 53 980 |
| Mr P Samuels | Executive - SDP | 1 311 914 | 1 134 306 | 72 000 | 7 332 | 98 276 |
| Mr SB Gcabashe | Executive - RIME | 1 331 367 | 1 113 091 | 120 000 | - | 98 276 |
| Ms BJ Motubatse | Executive - ETQA | 1 188 482 | 973 465 | 120 000 | 6 660 | 88 357 |
| Total | | 8 629 510 | 7 436 515 | 552 000 | 43 058 | 597 937 |

32 Presentation of Budget Information

Reconciliation of budget surplus with the surplus in the statement of financial performance - 2016/17

| | R'000 |
|--|----------|
| Net surplus per the statement of financial performance | 98 840 |
| Adjusted for: | |
| Impairments recognised | - |
| Surplus on sale of assets | - |
| Loss on scrapping of assets | - |
| Increase/decrease in provisions | - |
| Effect of smoothing relating to operating leases | - |
| Adjustments relating to Finance charges for finance leases on rental | - |
| | 98 840 |
| Participation on mandatory grants | (23 059) |
| Utilisation of reserves for discretionary grants | (50 086) |
| Underspending on administration expenses | (16 371) |
| | (89 516) |
| Exceeded budget collection of revenue | (4 824) |
| Net surplus per approved budget before capital expenditure | 4 500 |

Factors resulting in major variances between actual costs and budgeted costs:

As per the Statement of Comparision between Budget and Actual costs:

- 1. The Grant levies budget for the current year is based on levy income percentages as per the new grant regulations and based on expected revenue.

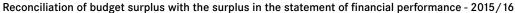
 Actual receipts is however unpredictable.
- Government levies are higher than expected despite a few outstanding levies from the Departments. This is due to higher salaries costs borne by the departments and improved contribution to the HWSETA.
- 3. Interest income is higher than budget due to the high cash reserves being held at banking institutions.
- 4. Rationalisation costs did not materialise as expected due to delays in establishing new offices in other provinces as planned.
- 5. Savings are mainly due to vacant positions in personnel.

In addition, the HWSETA had heeded the call for austerity measures. This has resulted in savings in administration expenditure.

| | Original approved budget | Final Approved Budget | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|------------|
| | at start of year 2016/17 | 2016/17 | Difference |
| Financial year 2016/17 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Levy income | 401 015 | 455 667 | 54 652 |
| Government levy contributions | 67 701 | 71 852 | 4 151 |
| Investment income - interest | 27 755 | 39 644 | 11 889 |
| Levy income penalties | - | - | - |
| Other income | - | - | - |
| Total Income | 496 471 | 567 163 | 70 692 |
| Total Expenditure | 492 471 | 562 663 | 70 192 |
| Administration expenditure | 113 452 | 116 361 | 2 909 |
| Mandatory grants expenditure | 68 858 | 83 693 | 14 835 |
| Discretionary grant expenditure | 310 161 | 362 609 | 52 448 |
| Surplus for the period | 4 000 | 4 500 | 500 |
| Less capital expenditure | 4 000 | 4 500 | 500 |
| Surplus after capital expenditure | - | - | - |

The adjustments to the originally approved budget of 2016/17 (approved in August 2016), were made due to information available six months into the 2016/17 financial year. Certain assumptions that were made in the original budget were then tested, and actual operational needs had changed in some instances relating to administrative expenditure, grant expenditure and revenue expectations. Changes to the approved budget included:

- 1. Increases in revenue projections based on increased collections in 2015/16.
- 2. Increases in the administration budget and capex budget due to actual spend 2015/2016, planned activities and contracts in place.
- 3. Increases in budgeted decretionary and mandatory grant spend based on increased revenue collections.



| | R'000 |
|--|----------|
| Net surplus per the statement of financial performance | 95 861 |
| Adjusted for: | |
| Impairments recognised | - |
| Surplus on sale of assets | - |
| Loss on scrapping of assets | - |
| Increase/decrease in provisions | - |
| Effect of smoothing relating to operating leases | - |
| Adjustments relating to Finance charges for finance leases on rental | - |
| | 95 861 |
| Participation on mandatory grants | 10 800 |
| Utilisation of reserves for discretionary grants | (22 891) |
| Underspending on administration expenses | (7 229) |
| | (19 320) |
| Exceeded budget collection of revenue | (66 466) |
| Net surplus per approved budget before capital expenditure | 10 075 |

Factors resulting in major variances between actual costs and budgeted costs: As per the Statement of Comparision between Budget and Actual costs:

- 1. The Grant levies budget for the current year is based on levy income percentages as per the new grant regulations. Actual receipts however comprise mainly SDL levy income.
- 2. Government levies are higher than expected despite a few outstanding levies from the Departments. This is due to higher salaries costs borne by the departments.
- 3. Interest income is higher than budget due to the high cash reserves being held at banking institutions.
- 4. Rationalisation costs did not materialise as expected due to delays in establishing new offices in other provinces as planned.
- 5. Savings are mainly due to vacant positions in personnel.

In addition the HWSETA had heeded the call for austerity measures. This has resulted in savings in administration expenditure which are used to increase capacity in the short-term as and when required.

| | Original approved budget | Final Approved Budget | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|------------|
| | at start of year 2015/16 | 2015/16 | Difference |
| Financial year 2015/16 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |
| Levy income | 348 370 | 377 604 | 29 234 |
| Government levy contributions | 56 734 | 63 749 | 7 015 |
| Investment income - interest | 26 358 | 26 358 | - |
| Levy income penalties | 1 000 | - | (1 000) |
| Other income | - | - | - |
| Total Income | 432 462 | 467 711 | 35 249 |
| Total Expenditure | 301 357 | 457 636 | 156 279 |
| Administration expenditure | 99 107 | 100 521 | 1 414 |
| Mandatory grants expenditure | 61 836 | 64 838 | 3 002 |
| Discretionary grant expenditure | 140 414 | 292 277 | 151 863 |
| Surplus for the period | 131 105 | 10 075 | (121 030) |
| Less capital expenditure | 3 295 | 10 075 | (6 780) |
| Surplus after capital expenditure | 127 810 | - | (127 810) |

The adjustments to the originally approved budget of 2015/16 (approved in August 2015), were made due to information available six months into the 2015-16 financial year. Certain assumptions that were made in the original budget were then tested, and actual operational needs had changed in some instances relating to administrative expenditure, grant expenditure and revenue expectations. Changes to the approved budget included:

- 1. Increases in the administration budget and capex budget due to planned establishment of four provincial offices and two satellite offices, and to fund the ERP System development of the HWSETA;
- 2. Increases in personnel costs and capex costs due the HWSETA rationalisation plan;
- 3. Increases in revenue projections based on increased collections of 2014-15 by 6.26%; and
- 4. Increases in budgeted decretionary and mandatory grant spend based on increased revenue collections.





Notes

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| Call: 0800 204 967 Email: hwseta@tip-offs.com FreeFax: 0800 00 77 88 FreePost: KZN 138, Umhlanga Rocks, 4320 Website: www.tip-offs.com | □ Names of people involved □ How many people are involved? □ Date and time of incident or theft □ Do you have any proof? |
| You can contact us 24 hours per day, 365 days per year | □ Does this happen regularly? □ Where did the incident take place? □ Is there money involved? □ Are there any witnesses? |





